FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hastings, Nebraska

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hastings, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation

SHAREHOLDERS

Robert D. Almquist Phillip D. Maltzahn Terry T. Galloway Marcy J. Luth Heidi A. Ashby Christine R. Shenk Michael E. Hoback Joseph P. Stump Kyle R. Overturf Tracy A. Cannon

1203 W 2nd Street PO Box 1407 Grand Island, NE 68802 Ph. 308-381-1810 Fax 308-38' -4824 Email: cpa@gicipas.com and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hastings, Nebraska, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of the City of Hastings, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that comprise the City's legal entity. These financial statements also include the Hastings Community Redevelopment Authority, a discretely presented component unit, of the City of Hastings, Nebraska. These financial statements do not include financial data for two of the City's legally separate component units (the Hastings Library Foundation, Inc. and the Hastings Museum Foundation, Inc.), which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government. As a result, the accompanying financial statements do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the reporting entity of the City of Hastings, as of September 30, 2018, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity of the Hastings Library Foundation, Inc., as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and our report thereon, dated July 16, 2018, expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

The financial statements of the Hastings Museum Foundation, Inc., as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, were audited by other accountants, whose report, dated October 12, 2018, expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of funding progress – public safety employees retirement system on pages 6-14 and 86-92 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Hastings, Nebraska's financial statements. The nonmajor governmental funds combining statements are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The nonmajor governmental funds combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information described in the first sentence of this paragraph is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 7, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Hastings, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and

the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hastings's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Hastings, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Grand Island, Nebraska

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March 7, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Hastings, we offer readers of the City of Hastings financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Hastings for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Hastings exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$309,443,023 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$97,557,739 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Hastings governmental funds reported combined ending net position of \$81,799,550. Approximately 23.1 percent of this total amount, \$18,879,475 is *unrestricted net position*.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$14,199,790, or 95.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Hastings's basic financial statements. The City of Hastings's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Hastings's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Hastings's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Hastings is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Hastings that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Hastings include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, economic development, and cultural activities and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Hastings include the Landfill, Electric, and Combined System Utilities Fund (which provides gas, water, sewer and street lighting services).

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Hastings itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Community Redevelopment Authority for which the City of Hastings is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Hastings, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Hastings can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Hastings maintains 27 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Street Fund, the Museum Fund, and the Debt Service Fund all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 23 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Hastings adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General, Street, Museum, and Debt Service Funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Hastings maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Hastings uses enterprise funds to account for its Landfill, Electric and Combined System Utilities Funds. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Hastings's various functions. The City of Hastings uses an internal service fund to account for its employee health insurance. Because all this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Landfill, Electric, and Combined System Utilities Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Hastings.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-24 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-85 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Hastings's budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of funding progress for the public safety retirement system. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 86-92 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining fund statements can be found on pages 93-96 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Hastings, assets exceeded liabilities by \$309,443,023 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Summary Statements of Net Position

	September 30, 2018				September 30, 2017							
	G	overnmental	Е	Business-type			Governmental		I	Business-type		
		Activities		Activities		<u>Total</u>		Activities		Activities		<u>Total</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$	33,309,221	\$	89,512,071	\$	122,821,292	\$	29,484,406	\$	90,180,739	\$	119,665,145
Capital Assets		57,880,469		175,930,685		233,811,154		56,282,556		173,944,817		230,227,373
Total Assets		91,189,690		265,442,756		356,632,446		85,766,962		264,125,556		349,892,518
Long-term Liabilities		5,239,115		25,986,776		31,225,891		3,604,339		28,543,793		32,148,132
Other Liabilities		4,151,025		11,812,507		15,963,532		5,301,852		12,834,170		18,136,022
Total Liabilities		9,390,140		37,799,283		47,189,423	8,906,191			41,377,963		50,284,154
Net Position:												
Net Investment in												
Capital Assets		53,396,895		140,348,106		193,745,001		52,555,547		135,041,371		187,596,918
Restricted		9,523,180		8,617,103		18,140,283		9,268,917		11,760,489		21,029,406
Unrestricted		18,879,475		78,678,264		97,557,739		15,036,307		75,945,733		90,982,040
Total Net Position	\$	81,799,550	\$	227,643,473	\$	309,443,023	\$	76,860,771	\$	222,747,593	\$	299,608,364

By far, the largest portion of the City of Hastings's net position (62.6 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment), net of any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Hastings uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Hastings's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Hastings's net position (5.9 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$97,557,739) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Hastings is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

	Ye	Year Ended September 30, 2018			Ye	Year Ended September 30,		
	F	Program Program]	Program		Program	
Function	<u> </u>	Revenues		Expenses		Revenues	Expenses	
General Government	\$	115,436	\$	2,909,110	\$	234,628	\$	2,665,335
Public Safety		1,374,929		7,677,235		1,168,402		7,760,042
Public Works		1,188,378		2,692,025		1,217,009		4,447,378
Environment & Leisure		1,985,986		5,165,363		5,658,082		5,257,415
Economic Development		-		385,000		-		2,888
Interest and Bond Fees		-		92,389		-		69,202
Depreciation		-		3,322,928		-		2,995,282
Total	\$	4,664,729	\$	22,244,050	\$	8,278,121	\$	23,197,542

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

	Year Ended September 30, 2018		Year Ended September 30, 20		
Charges for Services	\$ 2,663,494	9.80 %	\$ 2,753,787	9.28 %	
Operating Grants & Contributions	904,239	3.33	665,820	2.24	
Capital Grants & Contributions	1,096,996	4.04	4,858,514	16.37	
Property Taxes	5,930,114	21.82	5,561,253	18.74	
Motor Vehicle Taxes	507,824	1.87	495,569	1.67	
Wheel Tax	358,373	1.32	361,843	1.22	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	3,442,025	12.66	3,329,745	11.22	
Occupation Taxes	264,236	0.97	246,155	0.83	
Sales Tax	6,328,464	23.28	6,279,784	21.16	
Franchise Taxes	594,110	2.19	613,678	2.07	
State Allocation	3,898,642	14.34	3,773,082	12.71	
Keno	262,200	0.96	261,696	0.88	
Special Assessments	258,849	0.95	179,548	0.60	
Miscellaneous	115,158	0.42	61,542	0.21	
Interest	253,740	0.93	115,597	0.39	
Gain on Sale of Assets	249,365	0.92	64,675	0.22	
Interfund Transfers	55,000	0.20	55,000	0.19	
Total	\$ 27,182,829	100.00 %	\$ 29,677,288	100.00 %	

Net position increased \$4,938,779 in the governmental funds during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Hastings's net position by \$4,895,880, accounting for 49.8 percent of the total growth in the government's net position for the year ended September 30, 2018. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

	Year Ended Sep	tember 30, 2018	Year Ended Sept	tember 30, 2017
	Program	Program	Program	Program
Function	Revenues	Expenses	Revenues	Expenses
Landfill	\$ 1,991,329	\$ 1,648,931	\$ 2,228,684	\$ 1,458,787
Electric	50,024,094	50,405,329	49,846,586	48,011,311
Combined System Utilities	23,086,597	20,008,079	24,561,469	18,998,961
Total	\$ 75,102,020	\$ 72,062,339	\$ 76,636,739	\$ 68,469,059

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities

	Year Ended Septer	mber 30, 2018	Year Ended September 30, 201			
Charges for Services	\$ 73,400,796	95.38 %	\$ 72,166,045	93.00 %		
Capital Grants & Contributions	1,701,224	2.21	4,470,694	5.76		
Miscellaneous	1,484,271	1.93	775,488	1.00		
Interest	426,928	0.55	238,609	0.31		
Interfund Transfers	(55,000)	(0.07)	(55,000)	(0.07)		
Total	\$ 76,958,219	100.00 %	\$ 77,595,836	100.00 %		

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Hastings used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Hastings's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Hastings's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Hastings's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,133,299. Approximately 50.8 percent of this total amount (\$14,280,631) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balances is not available for new spending because it has already been 1) placed in a nonspendable endowment for cemetery perpetual care (\$82,998), 2) restricted for street improvements (\$5,248,988), 3) restricted for capital projects (\$1,439,215), 4) restricted for debt service (\$1,181,240), 5) restricted for economic development (\$65,489), 6)

restricted for downtown projects (\$79,228), 7) restricted for the Aquatic Center (\$1,004,620), 8) restricted for museum projects (\$110,602), 9) restricted for community betterment (\$298,780), 10) restricted for other purposes (\$12,020), 11) assigned for budgetary stabilization (\$2,320,563), 12) assigned for street expenditures (\$1,269,112), 13) assigned for equipment replacement (\$53,160), 14) assigned for a variety of other purposes (\$686,653).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Hastings. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$14,199,790, while total fund balance reached \$16,520,353. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 95.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 110.9 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Hastings's General Fund increased by \$1,384,787 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. The City of Hastings's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year were as follows: Landfill Fund - \$5,572,267, Electric Fund - \$38,019,700, and Combined System Utilities Fund - \$35,086,297. The change in net position for the proprietary funds was as follows: Landfill Fund - \$385,785, Electric Fund - \$362,846, and Combined System Utilities Fund - \$4,147,249. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Hastings's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

There was no difference between the original budget and the final adopted budget for the City of Hastings.

Capital Assets. The City of Hastings's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounts to \$233,811,154 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. Major capital asset projects during the year ended September 30, 2018, included:

- 2017 mobile solid waste shredder \$535,000
- Final construction costs on airport T hangar project \$129,405
- Final construction costs on library renovation project \$457,929
- Final construction costs on museum HVAC project \$129,450
- Lake Hastings restrooms \$164,635
- Marian Road traffic signals \$162,229
- Final construction costs on street project R-2017 \$401,452
- A Street residential infrastructure \$524,277
- Electric plant additions, including replacement of the WEC switchgear \$3.4 million
- Rural and city electric distribution system additions \$1.3 million

- Gas distribution system additions \$0.6 million
- Water plant additions, including the N Baltimore reverse osmosis treatment facility, and Phase 2 ASR injection wells & monitoring well system \$3.7 million
- Water transmission and distribution projects \$1 million
- Sewage main additions and work on the bio-solids lagoon \$1.4 million

City of Hastings's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Year F	Year Ended September 30, 2018			Year Ended September 30, 2017			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	Governmental Activities	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Land	\$ -	\$ 6,262,668	\$ 6,262,668	\$ -	\$ 6,262,668	\$ 6,262,668		
Construction								
in Progress	2,310,356	15,116,542	17,426,898	6,740,617	8,742,727	15,483,344		
Infrastructure	30,602,460	-	30,602,460	30,290,345	-	30,290,345		
Buildings & Equipment	24,967,653	-	24,967,653	19,251,594	-	19,251,594		
Landfill	-	5,561,125	5,561,125	-	5,404,227	5,404,227		
Electric	-	64,465,250	64,465,250	-	67,573,151	67,573,151		
Electric Non-Utility								
Plant	-	10,393,898	10,393,898	-	11,086,670	11,086,670		
Gas	-	4,539,321	4,539,321	-	5,764,855	5,764,855		
Water	-	33,550,713	33,550,713	-	31,635,076	31,635,076		
Pollution Control	-	34,541,353	34,541,353	-	35,924,279	35,924,279		
Street Lighting	-	1,424,863	1,424,863	-	1,457,114	1,457,114		
Administrative		74,952	74,952		94,050	94,050		
Total	\$ 57,880,469	\$ 175,930,685	\$ 233,811,154	\$ 56,282,556	\$ 173,944,817	\$ 230,227,373		

Additional information on the City of Hastings's capital assets can be found in Note C4 on pages 51-54 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Hastings had total long-term debt outstanding of \$27,990,957. Of this amount, \$4,209,240 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City of Hastings's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds) and capital lease obligations.

	Year Er	nded September	30, 2018	Year Ended September 30, 2017			
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	
General Obligation							
Bonds	\$ 3,845,000	\$ -	\$ 3,845,000	\$ 3,140,000	\$ -	\$ 3,140,000	
Revenue Bonds	-	20,160,000	20,160,000	-	25,470,000	25,470,000	
Note Payable	364,240	2,781,130	3,145,370	197,262	-	197,262	
Capital Lease	274,334	566,253	840,587	389,747	368,011	757,758	
Total	\$ 4,483,574	\$23,507,383	\$ 27,990,957	\$ 3,727,009	\$ 25,838,011	\$ 29,565,020	

The City of Hastings's total debt decreased by \$1,574,063 (5.3 percent) during the current fiscal year due to scheduled principal payments.

Additional information on the City of Hastings's long-term debt can be found in Note C6 on pages 54-63 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's Enterprise Funds maintained strong cash positions and the City has been able to keep up with the increasing costs of operations.

- Property tax asking for the year ending September 30, 2019 of \$6,195,112 is \$238,794 (4.0 percent) higher than the prior year. The property valuation also increased 4.0 percent over the prior year.
- At September 30, 2018, the City had contractual commitments totaling \$3,961,893 on 12 different capital projects, all expected to be completed during the next fiscal year.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Hastings's budget for the 2018 fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Hastings's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Treasurer, City of Hastings, 220 N Hastings, Hastings, NE 68901.

CITY OF HASTINGS, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

	September 50, 2			
		Primary Government		a
	Governmental	Business-type	T-4-1	Component
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>	<u>Unit</u>
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,102,469	\$ 53,458,650	\$ 67,561,119	\$ 1,057,353
Certificates of deposit	3,684,460	10,596,411	14,280,871	25,000
County treasurer cash	390,195		390,195	30,115
Receivables:	,		,	
Accounts, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	332,622	9,614,139	9,946,761	-
Special assessments	928,584	-	928,584	-
Current portion of note receivable	17,857	-	17,857	308,000
Current portion of TIF receivables	-	-	-	412,170
Interest	-	10,516	10,516	-
Property tax	227,390	-	227,390	13,141
Due from (to) other funds	2,570,566	(2,570,566)	-	-
Due from other governments	1,140,032	-	1,140,032	-
Inventory	41,303	5,954,168	5,995,471	
Total current assets	23,435,478	77,063,318	100,498,796	1,845,779
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	6,468,979	2,397,218	8,866,197	258,154
Restricted certificates of deposit	3,255,062	9,922,170	13,177,232	=
Noncurrent portion of note receivable	149,702	-	149,702	1,020,641
Noncurrent portion of TIF receivables	-	-	-	3,955,531
Property held for resale	-	-	-	1,159,128
Deferred charges	-	129,365	129,365	-
Capital assets:				
Construction in progress	2,310,356	15,116,542	17,426,898	-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	55,570,113	160,814,143	216,384,256	126,979
Net capital assets	57,880,469	175,930,685	233,811,154	126,979
Total noncurrent assets	67,754,212	188,379,438	256,133,650	6,520,433
Total assets	91,189,690	265,442,756	356,632,446	8,366,212
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:	010 124	5 5 62 000	c 400 014	5.561
Accounts payable	919,124	5,562,890	6,482,014	5,561
EPA liability	953,392	10.762	953,392	20.272
Accrued wages	467,878	19,762	487,640	30,273
Accrued interest	9,159	325,929	335,088	43,081
Customer deposits Unavailable property tax and assessments	5,734 1,094,049	399,810	405,544	9,561
Current portion of TIF payables	1,094,049	-	1,094,049	341,334
Current portion of In payables Current portion of long-term obligations	701,689	5,504,116	6,205,805	16,745
Total current liabilities	4,151,025	11,812,507	15,963,532	446,555
Noncurrent liabilities:	4,131,023	11,012,307	13,703,332	440,333
Compensated absences - noncurrent	1,457,230	3,508,468	4,965,698	_
Closure/post-closure liability	-	3,887,744	3,887,744	_
Noncurrent portion of TIF payables	_	-	5,007,711	3,617,376
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	3,781,885	18,003,267	21,785,152	300,064
Other	-	280,722	280,722	-
Unamortized bond premiums	-	306,575	306,575	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,239,115	25,986,776	31,225,891	3,917,440
Total liabilities	9,390,140	37,799,283	47,189,423	4,363,995
NET POSITION				, ,
Net investment in capital assets	53,396,895	140,348,106	193,745,001	126,979
Restricted for:	33,370,073	140,540,100	173,743,001	120,777
Debt service	1,181,240	7,735,141	8,916,381	_
Landfill closure/post-closure costs	1,101,210	881,962	881,962	_
Perpetual care - permanent	82,998	-	82,998	_
Street improvements	5,248,988	_	5,248,988	-
Capital projects	1,439,215	_	1,439,215	-
Economic development	65,489	_	65,489	258,154
Downtown projects	79,228	_	79,228	-
Aquatic Center	1,004,620	_	1,004,620	-
Museum projects	110,602	-	110,602	-
Community betterment	298,780	-	298,780	-
Other purposes	12,020	-	12,020	-
Unrestricted	18,879,475	78,678,264	97,557,739	3,617,084
Total net position	\$ 81,799,550	\$ 227,643,473	\$ 309,443,023	\$ 4,002,217

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2018

			Program Revenues
		Changes for	Operating Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions
<u> </u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>BCI VICCS</u>	Contributions
Primary government:			
Governmental activities:			
General government	\$ 2,909,110	\$ 112,636	\$ 2,800
Public safety	7,677,235	750,724	613,525
Public works	2,692,025	596,982	79,485
Environment and leisure	5,165,363	1,203,152	208,429
Economic development	385,000	-	-
Interest and fees on long-term debt	92,389	-	-
Depreciation	3,322,928	-	=
Total governmental activities	22,244,050	2,663,494	904,239
Business-type activities:			
Landfill	1,648,931	1,991,329	-
Electric	50,405,329	49,995,106	-
Combined System Utilities	20,008,079	21,414,361	-
Total business-type activities	72,062,339	73,400,796	-
Total primary government	\$ 94,306,389	\$ 76,064,290	\$ 904,239
Component unit:			
Community Redevelopment Authority	\$ 281,377	\$ 78,063	\$ 321,860

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Capital Primary Government Grants and Governmental Business-type Component Contributions Activities Activities Unit Total \$ (2,793,674)\$ (2,793,674)10,680 (6,302,306)(6,302,306)511,911 (1,503,647)(1,503,647)574,405 (3,179,377)(3,179,377)(385,000)(385,000)(92,389)(92,389)(3,322,928)(3,322,928)1,096,996 (17,579,321)(17,579,321)\$ 342,398 342,398 28,988 (381,235)(381,235)1,672,236 3,078,518 3,078,518 1,701,224 3,039,681 3,039,681 2,798,220 (17,579,321)3,039,681 (14,539,640)\$ 118,546 General revenues: Taxes: Property 5,930,114 5,930,114 339,627 Motor vehicle 507,824 507,824 Wheel tax 358,373 358,373 Payments in lieu of taxes 3,442,025 3,442,025 Occupation 264,236 264,236 Sales tax 6,328,464 6,328,464 Franchise 594,110 594,110 3,898,642 State allocation 3,898,642 262,200 Keno 262,200 Special assessments 258,849 258,849 Miscellaneous 115,158 1,484,271 1,599,429 Interest income 253,740 426,928 680,668 21,588 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 249,365 249,365 (2,148)Interfund transfers 55,000 (55,000)359,067 Total general revenues 22,518,100 1,856,199 24,374,299 Change in net position 4,938,779 4,895,880 9,834,659 477,613 Net position - September 30, 2017 76,860,771 222,747,593 299,608,364 3,524,604 Net position - September 30, 2018 \$ 81,799,550 227,643,473 309,443,023 4,002,217

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2018

	General <u>Fund</u>	Street <u>Fund</u>	Museum <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,945,802	\$ 2,604,264	\$ 29,386	\$ 548,531	\$ 5,481,219	\$ 19,609,202
Certificates of deposit	3,084,460		-	600,000	1,055,062	6,339,522
County treasurer cash	274,547	27,516	56,456	31,676	-	390,195
Receivables:	,	,	,	•		,
Accounts, net of allowance						
for doubtful accounts	293,955	3,075	22,154	-	13,438	332,622
Special assessments	-	-	-	928,584	-	928,584
Property tax	166,832	_	30,757	29,801	-	227,390
Due from other funds	3,471,418	_	_	_	-	3,471,418
Due from other governments	770,263	_	-	-	369,769	1,140,032
Inventory	-	_	41,303	-	-	41,303
Total assets	\$ 19,007,277	\$ 4,234,855	\$ 180,056	\$ 2,138,592	\$ 6,919,488	\$ 32,480,268
I I A DIT PETEC A NID						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
	¢ 129.701	\$ 77,141	¢ 47.410	\$ -	\$ 652,411	¢ 015.755
Accounts payable	\$ 138,791 953,392	\$ 77,141	\$ 47,412	ъ -	\$ 652,411	\$ 915,755 953,392
EPA liability Accrued wages	933,392 367,567	53,810	29,459	-	17,042	467,878
Accrued wages Accrued interest	307,307		29,439	6,085	17,042	
		3,074	- 4	0,083	-	9,159
Sales tax payable Due to other funds	146 900,852	-	4	-	-	150 900,852
Customer deposits	5,000	-	-	734	-	5,734
Unavailable receivables		-	22,340		-	
Total liabilities	2,486,924	134,025	99,215	950,533 957,352	669,453	1,094,049 4,346,969
Total natimites	2,460,924	134,023	99,213	931,332	009,433	4,540,909
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Cemetery perpetual care	-	-	-	-	82,998	82,998
Restricted for:						
Street improvements	-	2,831,718	-	-	2,417,270	5,248,988
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	1,439,215	1,439,215
Debt service	-	-	-	1,181,240	-	1,181,240
Economic development	-	-	-	-	65,489	65,489
Downtown projects	-	-	-	-	79,228	79,228
Aquatic Center	-	-	-	-	1,004,620	1,004,620
Museum projects	-	-	-	-	110,602	110,602
Community betterment	-	-	-	-	298,780	298,780
Other purposes	-	-	-	-	12,020	12,020
Assigned for:						
Budgetary stabilization	2,320,563	-	-	-	-	2,320,563
Street expenditures	-	1,269,112	-	-	-	1,269,112
Equipment replacement	-	-	-	-	53,160	53,160
Other purposes	-	-	-	-	686,653	686,653
Unassigned	14,199,790		80,841			14,280,631
Total fund balances	16,520,353	4,100,830	80,841	1,181,240	6,250,035	28,133,299
Total liabilities and						
fund balances	\$ 19,007,277	\$ 4,234,855	\$ 180,056	\$ 2,138,592	\$ 6,919,488	\$ 32,480,268

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 28,133,299
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:		
Notes receivable are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The notes receivable are reported as assets in the statement of net position.		167,559
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$118,440,217, and the accumulated depreciation is \$60,559,748.		57,880,469
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as information technology, fleet services, and insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		1,559,027
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Noncurrent compensated absences Capital lease obligations Note payable General obligation bonds payable	\$ (1,457,230) (274,334) (364,240) (3,845,000)	 (5,940,804)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 81,799,550

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2018

	General	C4 4	Museum	Debt Service	Other	Total
	Fund	Street Fund	Fund	Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
REVENUES	<u>r una</u>	<u>r una</u>	<u>r unu</u>	<u>r unu</u>	Tunas	<u>r unus</u>
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 4,330,321	\$ 17,517	\$ 879,650	\$ 702,626	\$ -	\$ 5,930,114
Motor vehicle	367,449	-	78,092	62,283	-	507,824
Wheel tax	- -	358,373	=	=	=	358,373
Occupation	61,564	-	202,672	-	-	264,236
Sales tax	4,218,978	-	-	-	2,109,486	6,328,464
Franchise	594,110	-	-	-	-	594,110
In lieu of tax	3,442,025	-	-	-	-	3,442,025
Intergovernmental	1,448,807	2,969,118	-	-	251,213	4,669,138
Keno	-	-	-	-	262,200	262,200
Special assessments	-	-	-	192,733	66,116	258,849
Charges for services	1,992,480	245,307	393,074	-	30,415	2,661,276
Grants	53,069	471,447	23,596	-	133,510	681,622
Contributions	25,000	-	113,853	-	792,502	931,355
Loan collections	-	-	-	-	14,583	14,583
Interest income	106,921	39,354	-	38,102	55,920	240,297
Insurance proceeds	249,365	-	-	-	-	249,365
Bond proceeds	179,162	-	-	-	2,230,000	2,409,162
Other revenue	112,304	2,855	3,350			118,509
Total revenues	17,181,555	4,103,971	1,694,287	995,744	5,945,945	29,921,502
EXPENDITURES						
General government	2,726,437	-	-	-	174,113	2,900,550
Public safety	7,730,466	-	-	-	47,734	7,778,200
Public works	424,773	2,724,360	-	-	(44,241)	3,104,892
Environment and leisure	3,598,247	-	1,466,249	-	75,446	5,139,942
Economic development	-	-	-	-	385,000	385,000
Capital outlay	405,024	880,703	151,584	-	3,477,331	4,914,642
Principal payments on debt	12,184	115,413	-	1,525,000	-	1,652,597
Interest on long-term debt	-	10,335	-	39,047	22,849	72,231
Bond/loan fees				1,150	19,008	20,158
Total expenditures	14,897,131	3,730,811	1,617,833	1,565,197	4,157,240	25,968,212
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	2,284,424	373,160	76,454	(569,453)	1,788,705	3,953,290
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	358,363	-	700,000	500,000	58,000	1,616,363
Transfers out	(1,258,000)	-	-	-	(303,363)	(1,561,363)
Net transfers	(899,637)		700,000	500,000	(245,363)	55,000
Net change in fund balances	1,384,787	373,160	776,454	(69,453)	1,543,342	4,008,290
Fund balances - September 30, 2017	15,135,566	3,727,670	(695,613)	1,250,693	4,706,693	24,125,009
Fund balances - September 30, 2018	\$ 16,520,353	\$ 4,100,830	\$ 80,841	\$1,181,240	\$ 6,250,035	\$ 28,133,299

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2018

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 4,008,290
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay (\$4,920,841) exceeded depreciation expense (\$3,322,928). (Capital additions of \$6,199 were funded directly by grants and donations.)	1,597,913
Collection of loan proceeds on economic development loans is reported as revenue in the governmental funds, but reduces assets in the statement of net position.	(14,583)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, information technology, and fleet services, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities in the statement of activities.	16,313
The change in noncurrent compensated absences is reported as an expense in the statement of net position. Noncurrent compensated absences are not reported in the governmental funds.	87,411
Bond proceeds are reported as revenue in the governmental funds, but the issuance of bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(2,409,162)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,652,597
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,938,779

CITY OF HASTINGS, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2018

		Enterprise Fund	s		Internal
	Landfill	Electric	Combined System		Service
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Utilities Fund	<u>Total</u>	<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,911,784	\$ 20,125,206	\$ 30,421,660	\$ 53,458,650	\$ 962,246
Certificates of deposit	2,500,000	5,773,027	2,323,384	10,596,411	600,000
Receivables:		, ,	, ,	, ,	•
Accounts receivable	296,552	6,687,727	2,629,860	9,614,139	=
Interest	10,516			10,516	-
Intercompany	-	(2,195,413)	2,195,413	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	900,852	900,852	-
Inventory	- 5 710 052	4,076,659	1,877,509	5,954,168	1.562.246
Total current assets	5,718,852	34,467,206	40,348,678	80,534,736	1,562,246
Noncurrent assets:		1,038,349	1,358,869	2,397,218	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted certificates of deposit	3,545,898	4,572,272	1,804,000	9,922,170	
Deferred charges	-	94,410	34,955	129,365	_
Capital assets:		, ,,	- 1,2	,	
Construction in progress	54,201	5,100,744	9,961,597	15,116,542	-
Electric distribution system	-	186,439,808	-	186,439,808	=
Gas distribution system	-	-	34,062,039	34,062,039	-
Water distribution system	=	-	43,449,598	43,449,598	-
Pollution control distribution system	-	-	65,755,798	65,755,798	-
Street lights	-	-	1,633,631	1,633,631	-
Administrative equipment	10,604,386	-	755,257	755,257 10,604,386	-
Buildings and equipment	(5,043,261)	(119,823,008)	(67,414,003)	(192,280,272)	-
Less accumulated depreciation Non-utility plant	(3,043,201)	15,866,333	(07,414,003)	15,866,333	_
Less non-utility accumulated		13,000,333		13,000,333	
depreciation	_	(5,472,435)	-	(5,472,435)	_
Net capital assets	5,615,326	82,111,442	88,203,917	175,930,685	_
Total noncurrent assets	9,161,224	87,816,473	91,401,741	188,379,438	
Total assets	14,880,076	122,283,679	131,750,419	268,914,174	1,562,246
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	26,610	4,070,812	1,095,993	5,193,415	3,219
In lieu of tax payable to City	-	2,133,887	1,308,138	3,442,025	-
Due to other funds	-	-	29,393	29,393	-
Accrued wages	19,762	-	-	19,762	-
Accrued interest	7,861	38,145	279,923	325,929	-
Customer deposits	-	-	399,810 360,475	399,810	-
Health insurance claims Current portion of long-term debt	146,680	4,020,000	369,475 1,337,436	369,475 5,504,116	-
Total current liabilities	200,913	10,262,844	4,820,168	15,283,925	3,219
Noncurrent liabilities:	200,913	10,202,044	4,020,100	13,263,923	3,219
Compensated absences - noncurrent	92,352	1,636,909	1,779,207	3,508,468	_
Closure/post closure liability	2,663,936	1,223,808	, , , , <u>-</u>	3,887,744	-
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	419,573	-	17,583,694	18,003,267	-
Other	-	-	280,722	280,722	-
Unamortized bond premiums		(4,779)	311,354	306,575	
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,175,861	2,855,938	19,954,977	25,986,776	
Total liabilities	3,376,774	13,118,782	24,775,145	41,270,701	3,219
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	5,049,073	66,572,925	68,726,108	140,348,106	=
Restricted for:		A 570 070	2 1 (2 9 (0	7 725 141	
Debt service	881,962	4,572,272	3,162,869	7,735,141	-
Closure/post-closure costs Unrestricted	5,572,267	38,019,700	35,086,297	881,962 78,678,264	1,559,027
Total net position	\$11,503,302	\$ 109,164,897	\$ 106,975,274	\$ 227,643,473	\$ 1,559,027
Total net position	ψ 11,505,502	ψ 102,104,027	ψ 100,713,414	Ψ 441,043,413	ψ 1,337,041

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2018

		Enterprise Funds			Internal
	Landfill	Electric	Combined System		Service
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Utilities Fund	<u>Total</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Operating revenues:					
Sales	\$ 1,985,519	\$ 38,105,121	\$ 21,413,036	\$ 61,503,676	\$ -
Health insurance revenue	-	-	-	-	3,223,447
Other revenue	5,810			5,810	
Total operating revenues	1,991,329	38,105,121	21,413,036	61,509,486	3,223,447
Operating expenses:					
Cost of power	_	13,638,188	140,295	13,778,483	-
Production	_	12,227,195	5,315,838	17,543,033	-
Water and sewer treatment	-	- · ·	1,480,931	1,480,931	-
Transmission and distribution	-	1,691,902	1,864,418	3,556,320	-
Sewer line expenses	-	-	497,735	497,735	-
General and administrative	-	5,321,188	3,821,802	9,142,990	95,655
Personnel costs	605,345	-	-	605,345	-
Utilities	11,819	-	-	11,819	-
Repairs and maintenance	136,253	-	-	136,253	-
Contractual services	140,491	-	-	140,491	-
Supplies	11,274	-	-	11,274	-
Professional fees	59,798	-	-	59,798	-
Fuel	97,897	-	-	97,897	-
Dues and training	2,915	-	-	2,915	-
Insurance	30,328	-	-	30,328	3,124,922
Miscellaneous	3,186	-	-	3,186	-
Closure costs	134,924	-	-	134,924	-
Depreciation	398,431	4,932,078	3,989,922	9,320,431	
Total operating expenses	1,632,661	37,810,551	17,110,941	56,554,153	3,220,577
Operating income	358,668	294,570	4,302,095	4,955,333	2,870
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income	98,387	305,573	22,968	426,928	13,443
Reimbursement from PPGA	-	6,097,526	1,325	6,098,851	-
Participation and capacity agreements	-	868,709	-	868,709	-
Interest and amortization expense	(16,270)	(215,145)	(528,596)	(760,011)	-
Cost of services to PPGA	-	(6,097,526)	(1,325)	(6,098,851)	-
Non-utility plan depreciation	-	(692,772)	-	(692,772)	-
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	(2,133,887)	(1,308,138)	(3,442,025)	-
Coal sales	-	4,923,750	-	4,923,750	-
Coal cost	-	(3,330,454)	-	(3,330,454)	-
Miscellaneous income	-	438,508	1,045,763	1,484,271	-
Miscellaneous expense	-	(124,994)	(84,079)	(209,073)	-
Economic development	-	-	(975,000)	(975,000)	-
Contributions in aid of construction		28,988	1,672,236	1,701,224	
Total nonoperating revenues	00.115	50 25 5	(151016)	(4.470)	12.442
(expenses)	82,117	68,276	(154,846)	(4,453)	13,443
Excess of revenues over expenditures	440,785	362,846	4,147,249	4,950,880	16,313
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(55,000)	-	-	(55,000)	-
Change in net position	385,785	362,846	4,147,249	4,895,880	16,313
Net position - September 30, 2017	11,117,517	108,802,051	102,828,025	222,747,593	1,542,714
Net position - September 30, 2018	\$ 11,503,302	\$ 109,164,897	\$ 106,975,274	\$ 227,643,473	\$ 1,559,027

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2018

	Enterprise Funds		
	Landfill	Electric	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,001,592	\$ 50,404,044	
Receipts from other funds	-	-	
Payments to suppliers	(632,308)	(28,758,681)	
Payments to employees	(591,253)	(11,090,385)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	778,031	10,554,978	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	(2,133,887)	
Transfer to General Fund	(55,000)		
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(55,000)	(2,133,887)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of property and equipment	(132,406)	(4,820,713)	
Capital contributions	-	28,988	
Increase in grants receivable	-	-	
Sales proceeds on capital assets	-	-	
Proceeds from issuance of note payable	(026.750)	- (4.120.000)	
Principal payments on capital debt	(236,758)	(4,120,000)	
Interest paid on capital debt Increase in closure/post-closure liability	(13,705) 134,924	(255,580)	
Net cash used by capital and related	134,924	-	
financing activities	(247,945)	(9,167,305)	
<u> </u>	(217,513)	(5,107,505)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	(202 799)	2 164 256	
(Increase) decrease in certificates of deposit Interest received	(202,788) 87,871	3,164,256 307,970	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(114,917)	3,472,226	
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	360,169		
•	,	2,726,012	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	2,551,615	18,437,543	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$ 2,911,784	\$ 21,163,555	
Composition of cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,911,784	\$ 20,125,206	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	1,038,349	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,911,784	\$ 21,163,555	

			Internal
	mbined System		Service
Ţ	<u> Itilities Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Funds</u>
\$	22,472,038	\$ 74,877,674	\$ -
	-	-	3,357,519
	(12,084,537)	(41,475,526)	(3,225,814)
	(4,431,743)	(16,113,381)	
	5,955,758	17,288,767	131,705
	(1,308,138)	(3,442,025)	=
		(55,000)	
	(1,308,138)	(3,497,025)	-
	(6,994,509)	(11,947,628)	=
	1,672,236	1,701,224	-
	(123,305)	(123,305)	-
	11,323	11,323	-
	2,781,130	2,781,130	=
	(1,190,000)	(5,546,758)	-
	(603,486)	(872,771)	-
		134,924	-
	(4,446,611)	(13,861,861)	
	(4,440,011)	(13,801,801)	-
	(20.062)	2.041.404	
	(20,062)	2,941,406	12.442
	30,045	425,886	13,443
-	9,983	3,367,292	13,443
	210,992	3,297,173	145,148
	31,569,537	52,558,695	817,098
\$	31,780,529	\$ 55,855,868	\$ 962,246
			
\$	30,421,660	\$ 53,458,650	\$ 962,246
	1,358,869	2,397,218	-
\$	31,780,529	\$ 55,855,868	\$ 962,246

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, Continued

For the year ended September 30, 2018

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Enterprise Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income \$ 358,668 \$ 294,570 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	Landfill Electric
provided by operating activities: Operating income \$ 358,668 \$ 294,570 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	<u>Fund</u> <u>Fund</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Depreciation expense 398,431 5,814,029	398,431 5,814,029
Participation and capacity agreements - 868,709	- 868,709
Miscellaneous income, net of expenses - 1,214,088	- 1,214,088
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable 10,263 (29,570)	10,263 (29,570)
Inventories - 791,926	- 791,926
Accounts payable (3,423) 1,459,532	(3,423) 1,459,532
Accrued expenses 14,092 141,694	14,092141,694_
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 778,031 \$ 10,554,978	\$ 778,031 \$ 10,554,978
Supplemental cash flow information:	
Equipment financed with capital lease \$ 435,000 \$ -	\$ 435,000 \$ -

Combined System Utilities Fund		<u>Total</u>	Internal Service <u>Funds</u>		
\$	4,302,095	\$ 4,955,333	\$ 2,870		
	4,184,249	10,396,709	-		
	-	868,709	-		
	(34,965)	1,179,123	-		
	(1,409,119)	(1,428,426)	134,072		
	134,715	926,641	-		
	(898,750)	557,359	(5,237)		
	(322,467)	 (166,681)	 -		
\$	5,955,758	\$ 17,288,767	\$ 131,705		
\$	-	\$ 435,000	\$ -		
	·	·	·		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Hastings, Nebraska (City) are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note.

1. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Hastings, Nebraska, was incorporated in 1874. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government with an elected part-time chief executive, Mayor, and an elected legislative body, Council, composed of eight members. The administration of the City government is performed under the direction of the Mayor by the City Administrator. Services provided to residents include public safety; highways and streets; planning and zoning; parks; recreation; urban development; electric, water, and sanitary sewer systems; sanitary landfill; and general administrative services.

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: City of Hastings

Discretely Presented Component Units: Hastings Community

Redevelopment Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, and has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may be financially accountable, and, as such, should be included within the City's financial statements. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

1. Financial Reporting Entity, continued

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council, or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation. Currently, the City has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. The following are the discretely presented component units:

Brief Description of Activities and Relationship

To The City:

Hastings Community
Redevelopment Authority

Created to develop, finance, and maintain certain areas of the City in need of improvement and development. The CRA can borrow money, issue bonds, and request a levy of taxes under the City's overall levy limits. The CRA's annual budget is subject to the City Council's approval.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

1. Financial Reporting Entity, continued

Discretely Presented Component Units, continued

Brief Description of Activities and Relationship
To The City:

Hastings Library Foundation, Inc.

Created for the exclusive purpose to raise funds to support the City's library. The entity has a December 31 year end, so their financial results have not been included in the accompanying audited financial statements. The Foundation's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 can be obtained by contacting the Foundation treasurer.

Hastings Museum Foundation, Inc.

Created for the exclusive purpose to raise funds to support the City's museum. The entity has a December 31 year end, so their financial results have not been included in the accompanying audited financial statements. The Foundation's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 can be obtained by contacting the Foundation treasurer.

2. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Governmental Funds, continued

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects. The reporting entity includes one Capital Project Fund to account for the acquisition of capital assets with transfers made from Governmental Funds and another to account for the special assessments.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the general long-term debt of the City other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the City's general obligation bonds.

Permanent Fund

The Permanent Fund accounts for assets held by the City pursuant to a trust agreement. The principal portion of this fund type must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Funds account for activities that provide goods and services to other funds, departments or agencies of the primary government and its component units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

Fund Brief Description

Major:

Governmental:

General See above for description.

Street Special revenue fund that accounts for street

maintenance and betterment.

Museum Special revenue fund that accounts for the activities

of the Hastings Museum.

Debt Service See above for description.

Proprietary:

Enterprise:

Landfill, Electric, and

Combined System Utilities See above for description.

Nonmajor:

Special Revenue:

BID Accounts for downtown improvement projects.

Community Development Accounts for community development grants and

related expenses.

Museum Sales Tax Accounts for sales tax restricted for the museum.

S Landfill Cap Accounts for the costs associated with landfill

monitoring activities.

Library Grant Accounts for restricted library grant funds.

Library Sales Tax Accounts for sales tax restricted for the library.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Major and Nonmajor Funds, continued

Fund Brief Description

Nonmajor, continued:

Special Revenue, continued:

Bookmobile Replacement Accounts for funds assigned for future bookmobile

replacement.

Parks Grant Accounts for restricted park grants.

Duncan Park Sales Tax Accounts for sales tax restricted for Duncan Field and

city parks.

Aquatic Center Accounts for funds restricted for the Aquatic Center.

Police Equipment Sinking Accounts for funds assigned for future police

equipment replacement.

CANDO Accounts for the nine county cooperative - Compact

for Apprehension of Narcotics Dealers and Offenders.

Public Safety Grant Accounts for grants restricted for public safety.

Wireless E911 Accounts for E911 funding.

Landline E911 Accounts for E911 funding.

Street Sales Tax Accounts for sales tax restricted for street

improvements.

Natural Disaster Accounts for funding assigned for expenses related to

natural disasters.

Diversion Program Accounts for fees collected and expenses related to

the diversion program.

Parks-Rec Sales Tax Accounts for sales tax restricted for parks and rec.

Keno Accounts for the City's share of the Keno gaming

proceeds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Major and Nonmajor Funds, continued

Fund

Brief Description

Nonmajor, continued:

Special Revenue, continued:

Econ Dev Revolving Loan Accounts for the funds to be used to provide

incentives for business recruitment and retention.

Capital Projects:

Capital Projects Accounts for collections of special assessments for

the Debt Service or Capital Projects Fund.

Permanent:

Cemetery Trust Accounts for the monies in a permanent care

endowment fund for the cemetery.

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b, below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

Measurement Focus, continued

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. Fiduciary funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-like activities and the discretely presented component unit are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

All proprietary funds and the discretely presented component unit utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or the economic asset is used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand accounts and savings accounts. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all cash on hand, demand accounts, savings accounts, and equity in pooled cash which has an original maturity of three months or less. The County Treasurer's cash represents revenues collected not yet remitted to the City.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Notes B2, C1, and D2.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include special assessments and property taxes. Business-type activities report utility billings and special assessments as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as special assessments and property taxes since they are usually both measurable and available. Proprietary fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and special assessments compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. The Electric Fund has recognized an \$83,000 allowance for uncollectible accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Due from Other Governments

The total due from other governments includes the following amounts:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Type</u>
General	\$ 737,273	Sales Tax
General	15,336	School Resource Officer
General	9,043	Adams Central library interlocal
General	8,611	Drug Task Force-county
Duncan Park Sales Tax	92,159	Sales Tax
Museum Sales Tax	36,863	Sales Tax
Wireless E911	1,133	County reimbursement
Street Sales Tax	239,614	Sales Tax
Total governmental funds	\$ <u>1,140,032</u>	

Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to debt service and proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Deferred Charges

Deferred charges incurred consists of various plant maintenance costs that are being amortized over the life of the scheduled maintenance repair life. In accordance with GASB codification standards, the maintenance costs which would be recognized during the current period are deferred and not included in the determination of net income until such costs are recoverable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized and reported on the Statement of Net Position. The City has a \$5,000 capitalization threshold. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of general capital assets and all proprietary capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The ranges of estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

Infrastructure	25 years
Buildings	20-40 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years
Utility System	20-40 years

Prior to July 1, 1980, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (back to July 1, 1980) have been valued at estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance, preservation, and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Capital Assets, continued

Electric and Combined System Utilities

The basis of the utility plant in service consists of a 1944 appraisal made by Black and Veatch, consulting engineers, for the electric and water systems, a 1954 appraisal made by Henningson, Durham and Richardson, Inc. for the pollution control/waste water treatment system and the book value of assets received in 1954, the time of consolidation for the gas system. Additions since these dates are at cost. In accordance with FERC requirements, contributions in aid of construction have been used to reduce the cost basis of capital assets of the electric and gas systems through December 31, 2000. After January 1, 2001 the contributions in aid of construction are included in the statements of revenue and expenses, as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 33.

The Utilities System uses a work order system of accounting for new construction. Under this system, the cost of a project is accumulated in a Construction Work in Progress account. Upon completion of the project, the total cost is transferred to the appropriate Utility Plant in Service account.

The provision for depreciation is computed at an overall straight-line composite rate of approximately 3.0 percent for the year ended September 30, 2018. Depreciation expense taken during the year ended September 30, 2018 was \$9,998,278.

The Utilities System charges maintenance and repairs, including the cost of minor renewals of property, to maintenance expense. Replacements of property (except minor replacements) are charged to utility plant accounts. Upon retirement of property, the cost of property is removed from the plant accounts and charged to a reserve for depreciation, and the related salvage, net of removal costs, is credited thereto.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Capital Assets, continued

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Unamortized Bond Premiums/Deferred Charges

Bond premiums for the Electric and Sewer Funds were amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. The deferred charges of various plant maintenance costs for the Electric Fund are being amortized over the life of the scheduled maintenance repair life.

Unavailable Property Tax

Unavailable property tax consist of property taxes expected to be collected after 60 days.

Compensated Absences

The City's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. A portion of the liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this obligation is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the current compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the total liability.

Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable, accrued compensated absences, and closure/post-closure liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Long-term Debt, continued

Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

See Note C8 for additional disclosures.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Equity Classifications, continued

Fund Financial Statements, continued

Effective October 1, 2010, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable—Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted—Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed—Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council ordinance or resolution.

Assigned—Amounts that are designated by the Mayor for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the City Council.

Unassigned–All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 17). Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the City Council or the Assignment has been changed by the Mayor. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Sales and Use Tax

The City presently levies a one-and-one-half percent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Nebraska Department of Revenue and remitted to the City in the month following receipt. The Nebraska Department of Revenue receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. As of October 1, 2006, sales tax collected on the sale of motor vehicles is restricted for street improvements as required by LB904. The 1.5 percent sales tax is allocated 66.67 percent to General Fund, 21.67 percent to the Street Sales Tax Fund, 8.33 percent to the Parks and Recreation Sales Tax Fund, and 3.33 percent to the Museum Sales Tax Fund.

Sales taxes collected by the State in September (which represents sales for August) and received by the City in October have been accrued and are included under the caption "Due from other governments."

Property Taxes

The City has the power to levy taxes each year sufficient to pay any judgment existing against the City, the interest on bonded debt, and the principal on bonded debt maturing during the fiscal year or within six months thereafter, as well as taxes authorized by state law.

The tax levies for all political subdivisions in Adams County are certified by the County Board on or before October 15. Real estate taxes are due on December 31 and attach as an enforceable lien and become delinquent in two equal installments on May 1 and September 1. Personal property taxes are due in the same manner as real estate taxes. Delinquent taxes bear 14 percent interest.

Property taxes levied for 2017-2018 are recorded as revenue when expected to be collected within 60 days after September 30, 2018. Prior-year levies were recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are re-evaluated annually. Property taxes expected to be collected after 60 days are recorded as deferred revenue on the fund balance sheets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses, continued

In Lieu of Tax Payment

The transfer to the General Fund for the year ending September 30, 2019 is calculated as five and six/tenths percent (5.6%) of the retail revenues of the Electric System for the year ended September 30, 2018. This amount is calculated to be \$2,133,887.

The City withdraws monthly from Combined Funds for payment to the General Fund an amount equal to 1/12 of 5.14% of operating revenues for the preceding year. For the year ending September 30, 2019 the total amount of in lieu of tax payments are calculated to be \$917,190 based on the operating revenues for the year ended September 30, 2018.

On July 22, 1991 resolution #1344 was passed by the City Council to transfer from the Gas Department and the Water Department of the Combined System to the General Fund 2.5% of the total revenues of the previous year. This amount will be in addition to the current in lieu of tax payments. The payment for the year ended September 30, 2018 is \$390,948.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – by Character and Function

Proprietary Fund – by Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses, continued

Contributions in Aid of Construction

Contributions in aid of construction are tap fees installed and contributed by developers. These contributions are recorded at fair market value when the development is complete and are considered imposed non-exchange transactions.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows:

1. Fund Accounting Requirements

The City complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include: Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service, and Permanent Funds.

2. <u>Deposit Laws and Regulations</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

2. Deposit Laws and Regulations, continued

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or with U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits. The City's demand deposits are insured up to \$250,000 and certificates of deposit/savings accounts are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Any cash deposits or certificates of deposit in excess of the FDIC limits are insured by collateral held by the pledging institution in the City's name.

3. Revenue Restrictions

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources are described in Note A2 for the various funds.

4. Debt Restrictions and Covenants

Bonds Payable

The various bond ordinances relating to the bonds payable contain some restrictions or covenants that are financial-related. These include covenants such as debt service coverage requirements and required reserve account balances. The City is in compliance with the bond restrictions and covenants.

5. Budgetary Data

The City is required by state laws to adopt annual budgets for all fund types. Each budget is presented on the cash basis of accounting, which is consistent with the requirements of the state budget act.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

5. Budgetary Data, continued

The Nebraska Budget Act provides the prescribed budget practices and procedures that governing bodies are required to follow. The amounts that may be budgeted for certain specific funds are subject to various expenditure and/or tax levy limitations.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

- a. On or before August 1, the City prepares a budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and resources available.
- b. The budget is published with subsequent public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to September 20, the City Council adopts the budget, which is then filed with the appropriate state and county officials.
- d. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations. Appropriations lapse at year end and any revisions require board approval.
- e. The County Clerk certifies a preliminary property tax levy for each fund of the City which levied property taxes in the county the previous year based on the combined valuation and amount required for the City the prior year. The preliminary levy becomes the final levy unless the governing board passes, by a majority vote, a resolution setting the levy at a different amount.
- f. The property tax requirements resulting from the budget process are utilized by the County Assessor to establish the tax levy. Taxes are levied annually on or before October 15. Real property taxes and personal property taxes are due December 31 with the first half delinquent May 1 and the second half delinquent September 1.
- g. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except for capital improvement appropriations and certain encumbrances against operating budgets.
- h. The City of Hastings adopts a budget by resolution for all fund types.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

1. Cash and Certificates of Deposit

Deposits

The City's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note A4. The table presented below is designed to disclose how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at September 30, 2018. The categories of collateral are defined as follows:

Category 1 – Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the City (or public trust) or by its agent in its name.

Category 2 – Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3 – Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name; or collateralized with no written or approved collateral agreement.

Types of Deposits	Total Bank <u>Balance</u>	Category <u>1</u>	Category <u>2</u>	Category 3	Total Carrying <u>Value</u>
Cash and investments	\$ 106,676,687	\$ 18,726,792	\$ 85,418,304	\$ 2,531,591	\$ <u>105,225,926</u>
Reconciliation to Gove Primary Governmen Unrestricted cash Unrestricted cert Restricted cash a Restricted certific	nt – n and cash equiv ificates of depos nd cash equival	ralents sit ents	Position:		\$ 67,561,119 14,280,871 8,866,197 13,177,232
Component Units – Unrestricted cash Unrestricted cert Restricted cash a	ificate of deposi	it			1,057,353 25,000 258,154 \$ 105,225,926

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

2. Restricted Assets

The restricted assets as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Business-	Total	
Governmental	type	Primary	Component
<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	Government	<u>Units</u>
\$6,468,979	\$ 2,397,218	\$ 8,866,197	\$258,154
3,255,062	9,922,170	13,177,232	
\$9,724,041	\$ 12,319,388	\$ 22,043,429	\$258,154
	<u>Activities</u> \$6,468,979 3,255,062	Governmental Activities type Activities \$6,468,979 \$ 2,397,218 3,255,062 9,922,170	Governmental Activities type Activities Primary Government \$6,468,979 \$ 2,397,218 \$ 8,866,197 3,255,062 9,922,170 13,177,232

Governmental restricted cash and certificates of deposit consist of the following at September 30, 2018:

Street Fund - restricted for street improvements	\$ 2,831,718
Debt Service Fund - restricted for debt service	1,148,531
Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund - restricted for perpetual care	82,998
BID Fund - restricted for downtown projects	79,228
Museum Sales Tax Fund - restricted for capital projects	73,739
Library Grant Fund - restricted for library expenses	3,743
Parks Grant Fund - restricted for capital projects	68,077
Duncan Park Sales Tax Fund - restricted for capital projects	46,861
Aquatics Center Fund - restricted for aquatics	1,004,620
Public Safety Grant Fund - restricted for public safety expenses	8,377
Street Sales Tax Fund - restricted for street improvements	2,221,775
Parks-Rec Sales Tax Fund - restricted for capital projects	184,355
Keno Betterment Fund - restricted for community betterment	285,342
ED Revolving Loan Fund - restricted for economic development	65,489
Capital Projects Fund - restricted for capital projects	 1,619,188
Total governmental activities restricted cash and CD's	\$ 9,724,041

Business-type activities restricted cash and certificates of deposit consist of the following at September 30, 2018:

Landfill Fund - restricted for closure/post-closure costs	\$ 3,545,898
Electric Fund - restricted for debt service	4,572,272
Electric Fund - restricted for ash disposal closure/post closure costs	1,038,349
Combined System - restricted for debt service	3,162,869
Total business-type activities restricted cash and CD's	\$ 12,319,388

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

3. Accounts and Notes Receivable

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of utilities receivables. Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consist of telephone and cable franchise tax (26.5 percent), ambulance (52.6 percent), and other (20.9 percent) receivables. Receivables detail at September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- type <u>Activities</u>	Total Primary <u>Government</u>	Component <u>Units</u>
Accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful	\$ 427,622	\$9,697,139	\$10,124,761	\$ -
accounts	(95,000)	(83,000)	(178,000)	
Net accounts receivable	\$ 332,622	\$9,614,139	\$ 9,946,761	\$ -

Notes receivable for the governmental funds and CRA consist of the following at September 30, 2018:

			te Balance ptember 30,	
Note Held By:	<u>Due From</u>	at Sc	<u>2018</u>	<u>Terms</u>
Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund	Hastings Economic Development Corp	\$	42,857	\$214,286 is 0% loan due in 15 annual installments of \$14,286.
Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund	Hastings Economic Development Corp		100,000	\$100,000 is 0% loan due upon the sale of the spec building.
Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund	No Coast Brewing, LLC		24,702	\$25,000 is 0% loan due in 84 monthly installments of \$297.62 commencing 9/1/18
		\$	167,559	
CRA loan program:				
TIF loan	The Listening Room	\$	79,514	TIF proceeds pledged on loan
Revolving Loan Revolving Loan Revolving Loan	Tom & Rosemary Peterson Double S Properties JKJ Holdings, LLC		6,610 22,968 68,898	Maturity date was 11/5/09 Maturity date was 4/3/12 Matures 6/30/24

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

3. Accounts and Notes Receivable, continued

		Note Balance	
		at September 30,	
Note Held By:	<u>Due From</u>	2018	<u>Terms</u>
Revolving Loan	Back Alley Bakery, LLC	3,430	Matures 8/5/19
Revolving Loan	Brandt Rentals, LLC	48,500	Matures 10/5/26
Revolving Loan	Tammy Frasier	838	Demand note
Revolving Loan	Jacobi Carpet One	15,321	Matures 4/1/22
Revolving Loan	The Listening Room	220,000	Matures 7/1/18
Revolving Loan	Uptown Experience	150,000	Matures 9/30/29
Revolving Loan	1st Street Brewing	200,000	Matures 9/1/23
Revolving Loan	THOAR, LLC	69,333	Matures 10/1/21
Revolving Loan	Bert's Building, LLC	18,000	Matures 9/1/21
Revolving Loan	KJEM, LLC	27,375	Matures 1/30/22
		851,273	
NMPF Loan	Rosey Nails	3,876	Maturity date was 6/1/14
NMPF Loan	Tim Maul	35,000	Matures 7/1/28
NMPF Loan	TRL Tree Service, LLC	4,833	Maturity date was 5/12/16
NMPF Loan	Marcy Maley	9,913	Matures 7/18/19
NMPF Loan	No Coast Brewing, LLC	40,000	Matures 1/1/25
NMPF Loan	No Coast Brewing, LLC	50,000	Matures 9/1/23
NMPF Loan	Scot DeWitt	21,887	Matures 11/1/21
NMPF Loan	K-T Heating/JHJB Partners	31,841	Matures 10/15/21
NMPF Loan	Steeple Brewing Company	55,000	Matures 2/1/24
		252,350	
Real Estate Loan	Dally's Deli	157,804	
		1,340,941	
Less Allowance for Uncollect	ible Notes	(12,300)	
		\$ 1,328,641	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance at October 1, 2017	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Reclass	Balance at September 30, 2018
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 6,740,617	\$ 2,905,026	\$ -	\$ (7,335,287)	\$ 2,310,356
Other capital assets being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	67,067,169	1,138,481	_	964,809	69,170,459
Buildings, machinery & equipment	39,711,590	877,334		6,370,478	46,959,402
Total other capital assets at historical cost	106,778,759	2,015,815	-	7,335,287	116,129,861
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(36,776,824)	(1,791,175)	-	-	(38,567,999)
Buildings, machinery & equipment	(20,459,996)	(1,531,753)	-	-	(21,991,749)
Total accumulated depreciation	(57,236,820)	(3,322,928) *	-		(60,559,748)
Other capital assets, net	49,541,939	(1,307,113)	_	7,335,287	55,570,113
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 56,282,556	\$ 1,597,913	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,880,469

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

4. Capital Assets, continued

Governmental Activities, continued:

General Fund:	
General government:	
General	\$ 799,889
·	
Public safety:	
Police	72,034
Public safety	10,196
Total public safety	82,230
Public works:	
Cemetery	2,200
Environment and leisure:	
Library	65,079
Parks	6,079
Duncan Park	96,557
Aquatics	3,174
Pioneer Trail	9,231
Airport	59,014
Total environment and leisure	239,134
Total General Fund	1,123,453
Special Revenue Funds:	
Street	2,006,898
Museum	77,816
Wireless E911	13,037
Natural Disaster	3,715
Keno	98,009
Total Special Revenue Funds	<u>2,199,475</u>
	4.0.00 0.00
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ <u>3,322,928</u>

Construction in progress at September 30, 2018, consists of \$562,293 of costs incurred on the police station tuckpointing project, \$23,290 of engineering on the airport hangar door project, \$109,669 of costs incurred on the Duncan Field turf renovation, \$1,011,338 of costs incurred on the North Park Commons street project, \$230,986 of costs incurred on the Shadow Ridge SID project, \$46,334 of costs incurred on the Brewery Loft alley project, \$250,000 of costs incurred on the Lochland street project, and \$76,446 of costs incurred on street project R-2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

4. Capital Assets, continued

	Balance at				Balance at
	October 1,				September 30,
	<u>2017</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Reclass</u>	<u>2018</u>
Business-type Activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 6,262,668	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,262,668
Construction in progress	8,742,727	6,373,815	-	-	15,116,542
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	15,005,395	6,373,815	-	-	21,379,210
Other capital assets being depreciated:					
Landfill	10,154,574	555,329	(105,517)	-	10,604,386
Electric	182,420,177	2,456,168	(588,087)	-	184,288,258
Electric non-utility plant	15,866,333	-	-	-	15,866,333
Gas	33,345,893	378,503	(33,520)	-	33,690,876
Water	39,639,344	2,711,187	(209,296)	-	42,141,235
Pollution control	62,833,452	503,791	(13,037)	-	63,324,206
Street lighting	1,632,719	911	-	-	1,633,630
Administrative	771,321	313,583	(329,647)		755,257
Total other capital assets at					
historical cost	346,663,813	6,919,472	(1,279,104)	-	352,304,181
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Landfill	(4,750,347)	(398,431)	105,517	-	(5,043,261)
Electric	(114,847,026)	(5,121,258)	145,276	-	(119,823,008)
Electric non-utility plant	(4,779,663)	(692,772)	-	-	(5,472,435)
Gas	(27,581,038)	(1,590,606)	20,089	-	(29,151,555)
Water	(8,004,268)	(670,632)	84,378	-	(8,590,522)
Pollution control	(26,909,173)	(1,873,764)	84	-	(28,782,853)
Street lighting	(175,605)	(33,162)	-	-	(208,767)
Administrative	(677,271)	(16,086)	13,052		(680,305)
Total accumulated depreciation	(187,724,391)	(10,396,711) *	368,396		(197,752,706)
Other capital assets, net	158,939,422	(3,477,239)	(910,708)		154,551,475
Business-type capital assets, net	\$173,944,817	\$ 2,896,576	\$ (910,708)	\$ -	\$ 175,930,685
* Depreciation expense was charged to fu Landfill Electric	nctions as follows	s:	\$ 398,431 5,814,030		

Landfill	\$ 398,431
Electric	5,814,030
Combined System Utilities	4,184,250
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ <u>10,396,711</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

4. Capital Assets, continued

Community Redevelopment Aut	O	alance at ectober 1, 2017	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	<u>I</u>	<u> Disposals</u>	Balance at September 30, 2018		
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements	\$	230,870	\$	-	\$	-	\$	230,870	
Less accumulated depreciation: Land improvements		(92,348)		(11,543)		<u>-</u>		(103,891)	
Community Redevelopment Authority, net	\$	138,522	\$	(11,543)	\$		\$	126,979	
Community Redevelopment Authority:									
Capital assets not being deprecial Land held for redevelopment		1,178,466	\$	30,353	\$	(49,691)	\$	1,159,128	

5. Accounts Payable

Payables in the general, capital projects, other governmental, and proprietary funds are primarily composed of payables to vendors.

6. Long-term Debt

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. Long-term Debt, continued

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2018:

Type of Debt		Balance October 1, 2017	:	Additions	<u>I</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2018	mounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds payable	\$	3,140,000	\$	2,230,000	\$	(1,525,000)	\$	3,845,000	\$ 510,000
Note payable		197,262		179,162		(12,184)		364,240	37,680
Capital leases		389,747		-		(115,413)		274,334	154,009
	\$	3,727,009	\$	2,409,162	\$	(1,652,597)	\$	4,483,574	\$ 701,689
Business-type Activities: Bonds payable Note payable Capital leases	\$	25,470,000 - 368,011 25,838,011	\$	2,781,130 435,000 3,216,130	\$	(5,310,000) - (236,758) (5,546,758)	\$	20,160,000 2,781,130 566,253 23,507,383	\$ 5,235,000 122,436 146,680 5,504,116
Community Redevelopment Authority:									
Notes payable	\$	335,017	\$	-	\$	(18,208)	\$	316,809	\$ 16,745

Governmental Activities

As of September 30, 2018, the governmental long-term liabilities consisted of the following:

Bonds payable:

Series 2018 bond anticipation notes dated May 27, 2018, with original issue amount of \$2,230,000, bearing interest of 2.20 percent and maturing May 15, 2021.

\$ 2,230,000

General obligation refunding bonds dated October 17, 2013, with original issue amount of \$1,500,000. Interest ranges from 0.40 to 2.45 percent with final maturity December 15, 2020.

900,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Governmental Activities, continued

Bonds payable, continued:

Highway allocation bonds dated December 3, 2013, with original issue amount of \$700,000. Interest ranges from 0.60 to 1.95 percent with final maturity September 15, 2019.

150,000

General obligation various purpose bonds dated May 30, 2017, with original issue amount of \$625,000. Interest ranges from 1.25 to 2.60 percent with final maturity September 15, 2027.

565,000

Total bonds payable

3,845,000

Note payable:

Note payable to the Nebraska Department of Aeronautics dated March 23, 2017 with an original issue amount of \$376,424 to finance the 6-place T hangar project. The note is non-interest bearing and will be repaid over 120 monthly installments of \$3,140, with final maturity May 2028.

364,240

Capital leases:

Capital lease obligation due to Key Government Finance, Inc. dated February 9, 2015, with original issue amount of \$135,391 to finance a three wheel broom street sweeper. The lease bears interest of 2.975 percent and is due in four annual principal and interest payments of \$36,402, commencing February 9, 2016 through February 9, 2019.

35,351

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Governmental Activities, continued

Capital Lease, continued:

Capital lease obligation due to Caterpillar Financial dated November 24, 2014, with original issue amount of \$193,851 to finance 2014 Caterpillar loader. The lease bears interest of 2.303 percent and is due in four annual principal and interest payments of \$51,285, commencing November 24, 2015 through November 24, 2018.

50,943

Capital lease obligation due to Caterpillar Financial dated May 9, 2016, with original issue amount of \$85,425 to finance 430RT Caterpillar backhoe. The lease bears interest of 2.49 percent and is due in four annual principal and interest payments of \$22,698, commencing May 9, 2017 through May 9, 2020.

44,119

Capital lease obligation due to Mercedes-Benz Financial Services dated July 26, 2017, with original issue amount of \$188,282 to finance two 2018 Freightliners. The lease bears interest of 3.97 percent and is due in four annual principal and interest payments of \$51,828, commencing July 26, 2018 through July 26, 2021.

143,921 274,334

Total governmental activities long-term obligations

Total capital lease obligations

\$ 4,483,574

Current portion

\$ 701,689

Noncurrent portion Total 3,781,885 \$ 4,483,574

The Debt Service Fund is making the principal and interest payments on the bonds, the General Fund will pay the note payable, and the Street Fund is paying the capital lease obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. Long-term Debt, continued

Business-type Activities

As of September 30, 2018, the long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Capital leases:

Capital lease obligation due to US Bancorp dated April 1, 2018, with original issue amount of \$435,000 to finance a Komptech Terminator shredder. The lease bears interest of 3.03 percent and is due in four annual principal and interest payments of \$117,111, commencing April 1, 2019 through April 1, 2022. The Landfill Fund is making these lease payments.

\$ 435,000

Capital lease obligation due to Merchants Bank dated April 21, 2017, with original issue amount of \$248,032 to finance a Caterpillar excavator. The lease bears interest of 2.30 percent. An initial \$75,000 downpayment was made on April 21, 2017, with the balance due in four annual principal and interest payments of \$45,801, commencing April 21, 2018 through April 21, 2021. The Landfill Fund is making these lease payments.

131,253

Total capital lease obligations

566,253

Bonds and notes payable:

Electric system revenue refunding bonds dated June 1, 2011, with original issue amount of \$24,960,000. Interest ranges from 0.70 to 5.0 percent with final maturity on January 1, 2019.

4,020,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. Long-term Debt, continued

Business-type Activities, continued

Bonds and notes payable, continued:

Note payable to Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality with original issue amount of \$2,781,130 issued to finance the aquifer storage and restoration project. The note bears interest of 1.25 percent and is due over 20 years with semi-annual principal and interest payments of \$78,797 due December 15, 2018 through June 15, 2038. Annual administrative fees of 1.0 percent are also due on this note.	2,781,130
Combined system revenue bonds dated May 25, 2006, with original issue amount of \$6,000,000. Interest ranges from 3.55 to 4.50 percent with final maturity on October 15, 2026.	3,310,000
Combined system revenue bonds dated May 25, 2006, with original issue amount of \$6,000,000. Interest ranges from 3.55 to 4.50 percent with final maturity on October 15, 2026. Total bonds and notes payable	12,830,000 22,941,130
Total business-type activity long-term debt	\$ <u>23,507,383</u>
Current portion Noncurrent portion Total	\$ 5,504,116 18,003,267 \$ 23,507,383

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Component Units

CRA notes payable:

On September 11, 2015, the CRA borrowed \$150,000 from the Nebraska Enterprise Fund to provide capital to make micro business loans. The loan bears interest of 3.59 percent and matures September 30, 2020. This loan may be renewed for an additional five years.

\$ 150,000

On June 1, 2016, the CRA borrowed \$100,000 from the Nebraska Enterprise Fund to provide capital to make micro business loans. The loan bears interest of 3.38 percent and matures May 31, 2021. This loan may be renewed for an additional five years.

100,000

The CRA borrowed \$39,740 from Heartland Bank on December 23, 2013, to finance the Cicada Dwelling redevelopment project. The note is collateralized by a promissory note from the redeveloper and a deed of trust on the real estate included in the project, and the incremental tax revenue increase by the redeveloped property will be used for payment of the note. The note bears interest of 5.75 percent and payments are due semi-annually beginning June 15, 2014, through December 15, 2020.

16,038

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Component Units, continued

CRA notes payable, continued:

The CRA borrowed \$45,000 from Heartland Bank on May 19, 2015, to finance the CI Property redevelopment project. The note is collateralized by a promissory note from the redeveloper and a deed of trust on the real estate included in the project, and the incremental tax revenue increase by the redeveloped property will be used for payment of the note. The note bears interest of 4.50 percent and payments are due semi-annually beginning January 15, 2016, through July 15, 2019.

26,875

The CRA borrowed \$40,000 from Heartland Bank on May 19, 2015, to finance the Smitty's Enterprises redevelopment project. The note is collateralized by a promissory note from the redeveloper and a deed of trust on the real estate included in the project, and the incremental tax revenue increase by the redeveloped property will be used for payment of the note. The note bears interest of 4.50 percent and payments are due semi-annually beginning January 15, 2016, through July 15, 2019.

23,896

Total CRA notes payable \$316,809

 Current portion
 \$ 16,745

 Noncurrent portion
 300,064

 Total
 \$ 316,809

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. Long-term Debt, continued

Annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-type Activities				Compone	nt L	<u>Jnits</u>		
September 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Fees</u>	<u>F</u>	Principal Principal	Ī	nterest
2019	\$ 701,689	\$ 88,317	\$	5,504,116	\$	700,459	\$ 20,942	\$	16,745	\$	11,972
2020	468,154	74,807		1,525,572		586,109	26,276		167,507		11,139
2021	2,677,531	64,837		1,426,397		540,796	25,025		114,455		4,884
2022	97,680	9,135		1,526,564		484,866	23,758		11,896		815
2023	97,680	7,785		1,179,501		431,331	22,475		6,206		279
2024-2028	440,840	16,738		6,127,271		1,457,848	92,558		-		-
2029-2033	-	-		5,455,490		500,967	57,983		-		-
2034-2038	-	-		762,472		26,482	21,186		-		-
	\$ 4,483,574	\$ 261,619	\$	23,507,383	\$	4,728,858	\$ 290,203	\$	316,809	\$	29,089

Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

The City of Hastings has chosen to demonstrate financial assurance for the Hastings Regional Solid Waste Landfill and the Whelan Energy Center Temporary Ash Disposal Area by using a financial test mechanism. As required by Nebraska Administrative Code – Title 132 – *Integrated Solid Waste Management* Regulations, the following information is provided.

The City entered into an agreement with the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality to establish a Closure/Post-Closure Care Account. The purpose of this account is to accumulate sufficient monies to fund all related costs of a clean closure, removal of all coal combustion residuals (CCR) and decontamination of the ash disposal area at the Whelan Energy Center. Monies are deposited into this account at a rate \$2.50 per ton of ash put into the disposal area. The calculated amount of the Closure/Post-Closure liability was \$1,180,927 at September 30, 2018, which is based on 102,837 tons of undisposed pond ash in the ash disposal area. It is estimated that an additional \$15,897 will be recognized as post-closure expenses between the date of the balance sheet and the date Whelan Energy Center is expected to be closed. The estimated total current cost of the ash disposal closure and post-closure care, \$1,196,824, is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the ash disposal area were acquired as of September 30, 2018. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. Long-term Debt, continued

Closure and Post-closure Care Costs, continued

At September 30, 2018, funds of \$1,038,349 are restricted to finance closure and post-closure of the City's ash disposal area. These funds are presented on the City's statement of net position as "restricted for ash disposal closure costs." It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from earnings on funds reserved by the City. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs (including inadequate earnings on investments, if any) and additional costs that might arise from changes in post-closure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future users, taxpayers, or both.

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City of Hastings place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care costs has a balance of \$2,663,936 as of September 30, 2018, which is based on 48.93 percent usage (filled) of the landfill. It is estimated that an additional \$2,603,430 will be recognized as closure and post-closure care expenses between the date of the balance sheet and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care, \$5,267,366, is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of September 30, 2018. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

At September 30, 2018, funds of \$3,545,898 are restricted to finance closure and post-closure of the City's landfill. These funds are presented on the City's statement of net position as "restricted for landfill closure costs." It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from earnings on funds reserved by the City. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs (including inadequate earnings on investments, if any) and additional costs that might arise from changes in post-closure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. <u>Interfund Transactions and Balances</u>

Operating transfers:

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
General Fund:		
Duncan Park Sales Tax	\$ 290,063	\$ -
Keno Betterment	13,300	-
Debt Service	-	500,000
Museum	-	700,000
Bookmobile Replacement	-	12,000
Police Equipment Sinking	-	46,000
Landfill	55,000	
Total General Fund	358,363	1,258,000
Museum		
General	700,000	-
Debt Service:		
General	500,000	-
Nonmajor Funds	58,000	303,363
Landfill Fund		55,000
Total Operating Transfers	\$ <u>1,616,363</u>	\$ <u>1,616,363</u>

At September 30, 2018, the General Fund owed \$900,852 to the Combined System Utilities Fund for EPA insurance proceeds collected by the General Fund in 2014 and due to the Combined System Fund under an agreement to split all EPA legal costs and insurance recoveries on a 50/50 basis between the General Fund and the water department. Also, the Combined System Utilities Fund owed \$29,393 to the General Fund for payroll costs. These balances are expected to be transferred during the year ending September 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

8. Fund Equity

Restricted net position for other purposes consists of the following:

Library Grant	\$	3,643
Public Safety Grant	_	8,377
	\$	12,020

9. <u>TIF Receivables and Payables</u>

		9/3	30/2018
		TIF	TIF
<u>TIF #</u>	<u>Description</u>	Receivable	<u>Payable</u>
9	Brant Redevelopment	\$ 3,437	\$ 3,437
11	409 West F Project	2,067	-
14	Pathways Plaza Project	18,026	18,026
17	Cicada Properties LLC	21,834	-
18	Midland Corp	63,473	63,473
20	Hastings Village Gardens	457,971	457,971
21	Southwood Estates	110,317	110,317
23	Smitty's Electric Inc	28,587	-
24	Uptown Experience, LLC	130,167	-
25	CI Properties LLC Burlington	32,155	-
27	B & R Stores Inc	1,993,787	1,993,787
28	Diecker Construction Inc	62,820	62,820
33	801 Building Condominiums	137,533	-
34	Emerson Estates LLC	168,804	168,804
37	Thoar, LLC	47,069	47,069
38	On Top, LLC	49,499	49,499
39	Steve Johnson Redevelopment	26,388	-
40	Dietrich/Stein Brothers Building, LLC	279,877	279,877
41	Furrow Plumbing, LLC	30,260	-
42	Redline Properties, LLC	500,045	500,045
43	Eastside Estates, LLC	203,585	203,585
		\$ <u>4,367,701</u>	\$ <u>3,958,710</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES

1. Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans

The City participates in five employee pension plans as follows:

Name of Plan Type of Plan

Police and Firefighters Plan Defined Benefit Plan

(Pre-1984)

Police Plan Defined Contribution Plan

Firefighters Plan Defined Contribution Plan

Other City and Utility Employees Defined Contribution Plan

Deferred Compensation Plan Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan

All plans are administered by outside trustees and are not included in these financial statements.

Police and Firefighters Plan (Pre-1984)

The City of Hastings, Nebraska Police Pension (Police Plan) and the City of Hastings, Nebraska Firefighters Plan (Firefighters Plan) are administered as follows:

- (1) Employees who were hired prior to January 1, 1984, the date at which the Police and Firefighters Plans were amended from defined benefit plans to their current status as defined contribution plans, were assured of receiving retirement benefits under the new plan at least as great as those under the old defined benefit plan.
- (2) Employees hired after January 1, 1984, are covered by the defined contribution plan, which is administered by a third party.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

1. Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans, continued

Police and Firefighters Plan (Pre-1984), continued

The employees hired prior to January 1, 1984, participate in both plans and will receive either their benefit from the defined contribution plan or defined benefit plan, whichever is greater. The City has funded their portion of the respective Plan, in addition to the employee's portion, with the assets being held by a third party administrator of the current defined contribution plan. These assets are included in the total plan assets for the Police Retirement Plan and the Firefighters Retirement Plan, when determining the pension benefit obligation.

Based on the actuarial valuation, it is anticipated that the participant accounts and unallocated/forfeiture account are sufficient to provide the minimum defined benefits for the remaining pre-1984 hires. Therefore, it is anticipated that no additional contribution will be required. The respective Defined Benefit Plan is further described in the Police and Firefighters Plan Section.

Police Plan

Plan Description

The Police Plan provisions are covered by City ordinance. The Police Plan covers all employees classified as police officers.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City's payroll total and covered under the Plan was \$2,200,778 and \$2,200,778, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

1. Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans, continued

Police Plan, continued

Plan Description, continued

As of June 1, 2016, the date of the last actuarial valuation of the defined benefit plan, there were three active employees in the Police Plan.

An employee with at least 25 years of service may retire as early as age 55; normal retirement occurs at age 60 with a minimum of 21 years of service, if employed on or before November 18, 1965, otherwise 25 years.

Under the Police Plan, normal retirees employed on or before January 1, 1984, would not receive an annuity benefit of less than 50 percent of regular pay. All current employees will receive a benefit based on their defined contribution account. An employee is 100 percent vested in his or her contributions of 7.0 percent of monthly compensation, and vests 40 percent after two years of service, 60 percent after 4 years, 80 percent after 5 years, and is 100 percent vested at 7 years or more in the City's contributions, which is a matching 7.0 percent.

Funding Status of Defined Benefit Plan

The projected retirement benefits at June 1, 2016, were determined through an actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation was performed using the Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method, which determines the total cost of the projected pension benefits to all employees combined. This total cost is then spread over the average future remaining years to retirement for the employees. The cost is spread as a level percentage of compensation.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation included (a) a rate of return of five percent for pre-retirement and four percent for post-retirement per annum, and (b) projected annual salary increases of four percent.

The pension benefit obligation, a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, intended to help assess the funding status of pensions, is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

1. Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans, continued

Police Plan, continued

Funding Status of Defined Benefit Plan, continued

Fair value of plan assets at June 1, 2016	\$ 845,137
Benefit obligation estimated at June 1, 2016	1,200,742
Funded Status	\$ (<u>355,605</u>)

Contribution Required and Made

The actuarially determined recommended contribution under the defined benefit plan was \$219,203, and contributions of \$0 were made for the year ended September 30, 2018, as the City calculates they now have excess funding on their remaining benefit obligations.

Contributions made under the defined contribution portion of the Police Plan for the year ended September 30, 2018, were as follows:

		Amount as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Employer	\$ 154,054	7.0%
Employee Total	\$\frac{154,054}{308,108}\$	7.0%
		

Firefighters Plan

Plan Description

The Firefighters Plan provisions are covered by City ordinance. The Firefighters Plan covers all employees classified as Firefighters.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City's payroll total and covered under the Plan was \$1,795,425 and \$1,645,539, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

1. Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans, continued

Firefighters Plan, continued

Plan Description, continued

As of January 1, 2011, the date of the last actuarial valuation of the defined benefit plan, there were two active employee in the Firefighters Plan. Since that time, these two employees have retired and there are no longer any active members; therefore, there is no need for further actuarial reports.

An employee who has attained the age of 50 with 21 years of service may take early retirement with benefits reduced by the actuarial equivalent of his or her normal retirement at age 55.

Under the Firefighters Plan, normal retirees employed prior to January 1, 1984, would not receive an annuity benefit of less than 50 percent of regular pay. All current employees will receive a benefit based on their defined contribution account. An employee is 100 percent vested in his or her contributions, 6.5 percent of monthly compensation, and vests 40 percent after four years of service plus 10 percent for each year thereafter, up to 100 percent, in the City's contributions, 13 percent of monthly compensation.

Funding Status of Defined Benefit Plan

The projected retirement benefits at September 30, 2018, were determined through a valuation calculation. The valuation was performed using a present value calculation, which determines the total cost of the projected pension benefits to all employees combined. This total cost is then spread over the future remaining years to retirement for the employees. The cost is spread as a level percentage of compensation.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation included (a) a rate of return of five percent for pre-retirement and four percent for post-retirement per annum, and (b) projected annual salary increases of four percent.

The pension benefit obligation, a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, intended to help assess the funding status of pensions, is as follows:

Fair value of plan assets at September 30, 2017	\$ 460,028
Benefit obligation estimated at September 30, 2017	<u>539,247</u>
Funded Status	\$ <u>(79,219)</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

1. Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans, continued

Firefighters Plan, continued

Contribution Required and Made

The actuarially determined recommended contribution under the defined benefit plan was zero, and no contributions were made for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Contributions made under the defined contribution portion of the Firefighters Plan for the year ended September 30, 2018, were as follows:

		Amount as a Percentage
		of Covered Payroll
Employer	\$ 213,920	13.0%
Employee	<u>106,960</u>	6.5%
Total	\$ <u>320,880</u>	

All Other City and Utilities System Employees

The City and Utilities System contribute to the City of Hastings, Nebraska Retirement Plan (the Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for all other City employees and employees of the Utilities System. The plan is administered by Empower.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements for the Plan are established and may be amended by the City of Hastings Retirement Board. All employees not in the Police and Fire Department are required to contribute to the Plan after they have been employed one year and are at least 21 years of age. The Plan has a six month vesting period. Any non-vested money in an account is sent back to the employer as a forfeiture once the terminated employee takes a distribution out of the account. At that time, the City uses the forfeitures to offset the employer's contributions. Total forfeitures reported for year ended September 30, 2018 was \$48,145.

Each participating employee is required to contribute 4.0% of the first \$20,000 of compensation to the Plan, and 8.0% of any compensation over and above \$20,000. The City and Utilities System then matches the employee's contribution. The City's annual contribution for the year ended September 30, 2018 was \$338,336. The Utilities System total pension expense was \$1,112,979 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

1. Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans, continued

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City has a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is available to all City employees and elected officials. The plan permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, unforeseeable emergency, or permanent disability. The City does not contribute to the 457 plan. All contributions are voluntary employee contributions.

As of January 1, 1997, these funds were placed in trust, in accordance with IRS Code Section 457(g)(1). IRS Code Section 457(g)(1), applicable for plan year beginning January 1, 1997, states that "a plan maintained by an eligible employer shall not be treated as an eligible deferred compensation plan unless all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries." The deferred compensation plan as placed in trust is not subject to any creditors of the City.

2. Risk Management

Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The City purchases insurance and administers funds for its self-insured programs.

The City's Self-Insurance Fund does not assume the full risk of loss related to claims filed under the insurance provided. The City has purchased insurance to cover individual claims in excess of \$80,000 per claimant, as well as an aggregate stop loss of \$2,820,850. The City pays the claims first up to the \$80,000 per individual, and at the end of the policy year, the insurance company computes the amount due, if any, to the City in excess of the insured aggregate. At September 30, 2018 the City had exceeded its aggregate stop loss for the year. Claims incurred prior to year-end but not paid are covered by the fiscal year aggregate and will be paid by the City, but later reimbursed. Known and reserved claims paid subsequent to year-end totaled \$5,561, which are booked as accounts payable in the Self-Insured Health Fund at September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

2. Risk Management, continued

Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the underlying securities for the City's investments at September 30, 2018, are held by the counterparties not in the name of the City. The underlying securities consist of cash, direct obligations of or guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, and other similar obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that market conditions and investment securities be analyzed to determine the maximum yield to be obtained and to minimize the impact of rising interest rates. The investment maturities are as follows:

	INVEST	ARS)			
	<1	1-5	5-10	10+	Total
City:					
CDs	\$ 6,939,522	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,939,522
Utilities:					
US Treasury Bills	\$ 953,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 953,030
US Treasury Notes	4,572,272	-	-	-	4,572,272
CDs	9,559,398	5,265,500	-	-	14,824,898
GNMA		33,541		134,840	168,381
	\$15,084,700	\$5,299,041	\$ -	\$134,840	\$20,518,581

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investments consist of certificates of deposit, money market funds, and other securities backed by U.S. Government obligations, minimizing credit risk associated with the City's investment portfolio.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

2. Risk Management, continued

Deposits and Investments, continued

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At September 30, 2018, the City's investments in certificates of deposit and investments consisted of the following:

Financial Institution	<u>Amount</u>	
Five Points Bank	\$ 5,496,398	
Great Western Bank	5,484,960	
Pinnacle Bank	5,670,062	
Wells Fargo	500,000	
Heartland Bank	2,613,000	
Home Federal	2,000,000	
Oakeson Steiner – TD Ameritrade	1,118,751	
Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company	4,574,932	
	\$ <u>27,458,103</u>	

Foreign Currency Risk. This risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. The City's investments had no exposure to foreign currency risk and the City held no investments denominated in foreign currency at September 30, 2018.

3. Commitments and Contingencies

Construction

The City is a party to numerous contracts relating to construction projects of the governmental funds. The City intends to fund the construction through operations or long-term financing.

<u>Project</u>	Contract Amount	id Through 9/30/2018	(Obligation <u>Pending</u>	Estimated Completion
Police station tuckpointing-contractor	\$ 590,673	\$ 531,606	\$	59,067	6/1/2019
Airport hangar door-engineer	45,191	23,290		21,901	8/31/2019
Airport hangar door-contractor	111,351	-		111,351	8/31/2019
Duncan Field turf renovation	329,007	109,669		219,338	1/31/2019
North Park Commons street project	1,544,789	1,009,591		535,198	12/31/2018
Shadow Ridge SID project	311,886	230,986		80,900	12/31/2018
Brewery Loft alley project	129,237	46,264		82,973	11/30/2018
Street project R-2018	521,642	76,446		445,196	8/1/2019
Airport layout plan	31,789	7,947		23,842	9/1/2019
Landfill Phase 6-engineering	73,420	-		73,420	8/1/2019
Landfill Phase 6-contractor	1,905,211	-		1,905,211	8/1/2019
Reverse osmosis water project	3,887,858	3,807,157		80,701	12/31/2018
Shadow Ridget sewer project	92,198	84,887		7,311	2/1/2019
Electric WEC unit 1 switchgear	1,353,255	1,037,771		315,484	6/1/2019
Total City Commitments	\$ 10,927,507	\$ 6,965,614	\$	3,961,893	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

3. Commitments and Contingencies, continued

Lease Commitments

<u>Lessor</u>	<u>Leased Property</u>	<u>Term</u>	Amount
Mail Finance	Mailing System	8/22/17 - 11/22/22	\$130/month
	Postage Machine	12/1/16 - 3/1/22	\$870/month
Eakes	Copiers	6/25/15 - 6/25/19	\$1,082/month
	Copiers	8/25/18 - 8/25/23	\$2,539/month
Capital Business Systems	Copiers Copier Copier	4/15/14 - 4/15/19 5/14/15 - 2/14/19 2/12/15 - 2/12/19	\$878/month \$162/month \$350/month

Lease commitments as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Commitment
2019	\$ 59,874
2020	42,471
2021	42,471
2022	36,381
2023	30,601
Thereafter	
	\$ <u>211,798</u>

Letter of Credit

The City has a \$2,784,460 standby letter of credit available through Great Western Bank, with the Environmental Protection Agency as the beneficiary to satisfy the Performance Guarantee obligations related to the Hastings Groundwater Contamination Site. As of September 30, 2018, nothing had been drawn on this letter of credit, which expires September 24, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

4. Additional Utility Contracts

MEAN Participation Agreement

As of February 23, 1983, the Utilities entered into a Participation Power Sales Agreement with the Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska (MEAN). MEAN may purchase up to 6.95% of the power generated by the Whelan Energy Center #1 (WEC #1) for the longer of: 1) the time until the final maturity date of the debts to construct, improve or add to the component facilities of WEC #1 or, 2) the City removes WEC #1 and the part of the City's transmission system in which MEAN participates. MEAN will pay for all fuel related costs of generating the power it uses plus 6.95% of: 1) principal and interest costs of the bonded debt attributable to WEC #1, 2) the capital improvements to WEC #1 and related transmission systems, 3) fixed costs of operating and maintaining WEC #1 and the related transmission system, including taxes, 4) direct and allocated administrative and general costs associated with WEC #1, and 5) costs to prevent or correct unusual loss or damage to the WEC #1 system which are not insured or recovered from a third party.

City of Superior Agreement

On February 16, 2017, the Utilities entered into an agreement with the City of Superior to provide electric capacity and energy starting January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2022. The capacity quantity begins at 2,300 KW in 2018 and increases over the term of the agreement to 6,800 KW in 2022.

Coal Supply Agreements

On December 15, 2006, the Utilities entered into an agreement with AGP Corn Processing, Inc. (AGP) to supply coal to a truck loadout facility built and paid for by AGP on the Whelan Energy Center property. Upon completion of the truck loadout facility, the facility was given to the Utilities, with AGP being responsible for the costs to operate and maintain the facility. The agreement is for a sixteen year period beginning on April 1, 2007. Coal deliveries commenced in August of 2008. AGP is obligated to buy annually not less than 100,000 tons and not to exceed 160,000 tons of coal from the Utilities. As a result of an agreement with AGP entered into on December 23, 2013, the minimum annual coal purchase requirement was reduced to 70,000 tons.

On July 27, 2010, the Utilities entered into an agreement with Chief Ethanol Fuels Inc. (Chief) to supply a minimum of 35,000 tons of coal a year. This coal is to be delivered to the Truck Load Out facility located at WEC. The term of the agreement runs from September 1, 2010 to December 31, 2015, and year to year thereafter. On July 14, 2016, an amendment was made to the agreement reducing the minimum annual coal purchase to 25,000 tons.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

4. Additional Utility Contracts, continued

Coal Contracts

Peabody COALSALES, LLC

On October 1, 2016, the Utilities entered into an agreement with Peabody COALSALES, LLC (Peabody) for the purchase of coal for the period beginning January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2018. The agreement included the purchase 600,000 tons in 2017 and 2018. On December 19, 2016, the agreement was amended to increase the 2017 volume to 647,000 tons. On July 11, 2017 an amendment was executed for the purchase of an additional 350,000 tons. On July 11, 2018, the Utilities entered into an agreement with Peabody for the purchase of coal for the period July 11, 2018 through December 31, 2021. The agreement provides up to 400,000 tons in 2018 and a minimum of 600,000 and a maximum of 1,000,000 tons each for calendar years 2019 through 2021. Peabody has first right to supply any excess over the maximum under terms of the agreement.

The Burlington Northern and Santa Fe Railway Company

On September 25, 2006, the Utilities entered into an agreement with The BNSF Railway Company for the transportation of coal for the period of January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007. The agreement has a minimum annual tonnage requirement of 250,000 tons. This agreement was extended through December 31, 2009. This agreement was extended through December 31, 2010 with the minimum volume to be 100% of coal received at the plant site during 2010. The agreement was extended through December 31, 2011. The agreement was further extended through December 31, 2013. On March 8, 2013, the agreement was extended through December 31, 2018 and set a minimum annual tonnage requirement of 600,000 tons. On February 21, 2018, the Utilities entered into an agreement with BNSF for transportation of coal for the period of February 22, 2018 through December 31, 2021. The agreement has a minimum annual tonnage requirement of 600,000 tons.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

4. Additional Utility Contracts, continued

Natural Gas Contracts

Central Plains Energy Project

On September 25, 2006, the Utilities executed an Interlocal Agreement to enter into the joint entity known as the Central Plains Energy Project (CPEP). CPEP was created between and among public agencies to achieve savings and enhanced reliability, efficiency and supply security through the joint purchase of natural gas and the arrangement of joint services on behalf of its participant members and certain other public agencies. CPEP's members include the Metropolitan Utilities District in Omaha, Nebraska, the Municipal Gas Utility of the City of Cedar Falls, Iowa and the City of Hastings.

On July 1, 2009, the Utilities entered into a thirty (30) year Gas Supply Agreement (GSA) with CPEP Project No. 2 for approximately 25% of the Utilities ten (10) year historical average annual natural gas consumption. To provide the natural gas supply for the GSA, CPEP entered into a thirty (30) year term Prepaid Natural Gas Purchase and Sale Agreement (Agreement) with the Royal Bank of Canada (RBC) for delivery of natural gas to CPEP.

On January 30, 2014, RBC filed a Complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Nebraska (Court) seeking a declaration that RBC be entitled to terminate the Agreement with CPEP as a result of changes in applicable banking and regulatory authorities, which RBC claimed to have a material, adverse effect on the transaction. CPEP disagreed that the regulatory changes RBC cited would result in a material, adverse effect on the transaction, and filed an Answer and Counterclaim with the Court asking for damages from RBC as a result of anticipatory breach of the Agreement.

Prior to the matter being heard by the Court, RBC and CPEP negotiated a settlement where RBC would provide the funds necessary and redeem all outstanding bonds associated with the 2009 issue; issuance of new bonds to effectuate a five (5) year term fixed discount Prepaid Transaction between RBC and CPEP; and certain cash payments to CPEP. CPEP in turn entered into a new GSA with the Utilities for a five (5) year term that shall run from November 1, 2014 through October 31, 2019, and provides for delivery of the same monthly volumes received previously. Prior to the end of the five year term RBC and CPEP may negotiate to extend the Agreement for a mutually agreeable term and fixed discount rate. If these negotiations are unsuccessful, the Agreement will terminate effective October 31, 2019. In the event an extension of the Agreement between RBC and CPEP is negotiated, the Utilities, in its sole discretion, has the option of whether it wishes to extend the term of its GSA with CPEP, incorporating the new term and discount rate, or cease taking deliveries effective October 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

4. Additional Utility Contracts, continued

Natural Gas Contracts, continued

Trailblazer Pipeline Company LLC

The Utilities signed a firm natural gas transportation contract running through September 30, 2015 with the Trailblazer Pipeline Company LLC (Trailblazer). The Maximum Daily quantity (MDQ) under the contract is 14,840 Dth/day. As a result of a 2010 rate settlement with Trailblazer, the Utilities had a unilateral one-time right to roll over its contract for a term of between one and 10 years. Hastings Utilities had the ability to exercise its Contractual Rollover Right at any time during the term of the original contract, but not later than six months prior to the expiration. During 2015, the contract was extended through September 30, 2025.

Tall Grass Interstate Gas Transmission LLC

The Utilities also has a long term firm natural gas transportation contract with Tall Grass Interstate Gas Transmission LLC. The contract originated on October 1, 1993 with the current contract term running through August 31, 2021. The Maximum Daily Quantity (MDQ) is 16,000 Dth/day.

Power Purchase Agreement

CCC-Hastings Renewable Energy, LLC

On August 31, 2016, the Utilities executed a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with CCC-Hastings Renewable Energy, LLC (HRE), to purchase the entire output of a 1.7 MW General Electric wind turbine. The PPA has a 25 year term with an option for Utilities to extend thereafter. The wind turbine is located on property owned by the Central Community College and is interconnected to the Utilities electric distribution system. Per the terms of the PPA, HRE was responsible for obtaining all required permits, turbine construction oversight and payment of all costs to construct the turbine and interconnection facilities. HRE will also own, operate and have cost responsibility to maintain the wind turbine and interconnection facilities going forward. The wind turbine began commercial operation on December 29, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

4. Additional Utility Contracts, continued

Wind Power Purchase Agreement

Central Community College

On August 31, 2016, the Utilities executed a Wind Power Purchase Agreement (WPPA) with Central Community College (CCC) which will provide for the Utilities to sell CCC energy purchased by the Utilities from a wind turbine owned by CCC-Hastings Renewable Energy, LLC (HRE). The intent of the WPPA is for the Utilities to provide up to 100% of CCC's energy needs at its Hastings' campus with energy produced by the wind turbine. In addition, CCC will receive a portion of the Renewable Energy Credits generated by the wind turbine. The WPPA is to remain in force for a term that coincides with the Power Purchase Agreement between the Utilities and HRE, which is currently 25 years.

Future Partial Assignment of Energy

The Utilities entered into agreements with Heartland Consumers Power District (HCPD) and with Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska (MEAN) on May 29, 2008 and June 9, 2008, respectively; for the partial assignment of future energy resources. Each of the parties are members of the Public Power Generation Agency (PPGA), which constructed a 220 megawatts (MW) maximum net output coal-fired electric generation facility and associated transmission facilities known as Whelan Energy Center #2 (WEC #2). The members of PPGA are each entitled to a share of the MW output of the facility. The MW output for HU is 35 MW. HU anticipated that it would initially not need all of the energy that it was entitled to. HU entered into the future partial assignment of MW output with HCPD and MEAN as follows:

	HCPD	MEAN
Commercial operation date through April 2013	15	15
May 2013 through April 2014	13	12
May 2014 through April 2015	10	10
May 2015 through April 2016	7	8
May 2016 through April 2017	5	5
May 2017 through April 2018	3	2

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

4. Additional Utility Contracts, continued

Rebate (Arbitrage) Payment Requirements

The Utility is subject to a potential rebate payment on investment earnings in excess of an allowable amount under Internal Revenue Code Section 148. The accounts subject to this potential rebate are the Debt Service Fund and Bond Reserve Fund in the Electric System, and Bond Payment Fund and the Debt Service Reserve Fund in the Combined System. At the present time, no accruals have been made as any amounts have been determined to be immaterial.

Public Power Generation Agency Financial Commitment

On October 25, 2006, the Utilities entered into an Amended and Restated Participation Agreement with the Public Power Generation Agency (PPGA). PPGA was formed under the Interlocal Cooperation Act of the State of Nebraska to construct and operate Whelan Energy Center Unit 2 (WEC 2), a 220 megawatt (MW) coal-fired electric generating plant located at the existing Whelan Energy Center. The Agreement entitles the Utilities to 35 MW of capacity (or 15.9%) of the estimated 220 MW capacity of WEC 2. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Utilities has been selected to be the Project Construction Manager and Project Operating Agent for WEC 2. WEC 2 began commercial operation on May 1, 2011.

Nebraska Water Sustainability Fund Grant

On August 11, 2016, the City of Hastings entered into an agreement with the Nebraska Department of Natural Resources providing for a grant of \$4,410,000 for the Aquifer Storage and Restoration (ASR) project in the water department. The grant is pursuant to the Nebraska Water Sustainability Fund Grant Program. The grant provides for a sixty percent (60%) reimbursement of eligible costs of the project, up to a maximum reimbursement of \$4,410,000. As of September 30, 2018, requests for reimbursements totaling \$4,197,814 have been submitted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

5. Environmental Remediation

At present there is an ongoing investigation in the Hastings area of groundwater contamination. The investigation is being conducted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The City of Hastings (the City) has been named as a potentially responsible party at three of the seven designated subsites, and has some involvement at the four remaining subsites by virtue of its ownership and operation of public facilities. Additionally, the City and other parties are responsible for what is known as the Area Wide Operable Unit, which is an overlay of six of the seven subsites. The City's liability at three of these subsites, and for the Area Wide Operable Unit, will be in the form of annual maintenance and operating costs of remediation equipment and improvements (such as landfill covers). The cost is projected at somewhere between \$100,000 and \$150,000 per year, although much of such costs will be satisfied by in-kind services provided by City staff.

The City's obligation on one sub-site, Operable Units 12 and 20 of the 2nd Street Sub-site, in which the City had been designated the only potentially responsible party, has been settled by a consent decree in the amount of \$14,130,572. However, upon receipt of a cash settlement of \$1,000,000, in-kind services in the amount of \$1,700,000, and 49.6% of any insurance recovery, the City will be deemed to have met this obligation. The cash obligation and insurance recovery have been paid. The City and the Utilities have provided approximately \$641,000 of in-kind services. On June 4, 2017, the State took over the groundwater (down-gradient) operable unit (OU20) and the City will no longer provide in-kind services on OU20. The EPA is continuing to monitor/operate source control operable unit (OU12) and informed the City to cease all in-kind services on June 30, 2017; nevertheless, the City is willing to continue to provide any additional in-kind services as requested by the EPA in order to reduce the expected remaining liability of \$953,392 pursuant to the Consent Decree. However at September 30, 2018, the General Fund had accrued a liability of \$953,392.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

6. <u>Interlocal Agreements</u>

The City is a party to 17 interlocal agreements in effect as of September 30, 2018. The City Clerk maintains a complete list of the interlocal agreements in effect.

7. <u>Tax Abatements</u>

The Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), who is authorized by Nebraska statutes to enter into property tax abatement agreements for the purpose of developing properties in blighted areas, has entered into tax increment financing (TIF) agreements with various redevelopers. The TIF program has the stated purpose of increasing valuation, business activity and employment in the community.

Under the TIF program, redevelopers can apply for TIF financing whereby the property tax they pay on the increased valuation of property under a TIF agreement is returned to the redeveloper by the CRA to finance the project for a period of up to 15 years.

Information relevant to the abatements granted by the CRA for the year ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

7. <u>Tax Abatements, continued</u>

	Years		
	Remaining	2018	2018 TIF
	on TIF	TIF	Excess Tax
TIF Project:	<u>Agreements</u>	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Levied</u>
Brant Redevelopment	1	\$ 154,065	\$ 3,437
409 West F Project	1	92,655	2,067
Pathways Plaza Project	3	269,325	6,009
Cicada Properties LLC	4	369,195	8,237
Midland Corp	6	474,170	10,579
Carmichael Ltd, LLC	7	461,815	10,303
Hastings Village Gardens	9	2,280,825	50,886
Southwood Estates Redevelopment	9	549,405	12,257
Smitty's Electric Inc	10	373,190	8,326
Uptown Experience, LLC	10	583,440	13,017
CI Properties LLC Burlington	10	335,870	7,493
Listening Room	11	303,290	6,767
B & R Stores Inc	12	7,447,220	166,149
Diecker Construction Inc	12	235,645	5,235
801 Building Condominiums	13	474,200	10,580
Emerson Estates LLC	13	582,010	12,985
Thoar, LLC	14	150,695	3,362
On Top, LLC	14	158,475	3,536
Steve Johnson Redevelopment	14	84,485	1,885
Dietrich/Stein Brothers Building, LLC	14	896,060	19,991
Furrow Plumbing, LLC	14	96,880	2,161
Redline Properties, LLC	15	1,494,220	33,336
Eastside Estates, LLC	15	608,345	13,572
			\$412,170

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2018

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

8. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 7, 2019, the date on which the financial statements were available for issue.

On November 16, 2018, the Utilities entered into a 30 year Gas Supply Agreement (GSA) with CPEP Project No. 4 for approximately 25 percent of the Utilities 10 year historical average annual natural gas consumption.

On January 14, 2019, City Council approved a \$248,820 contract for a sanitary sewer outfall bypass and metering structure demolition project with Van Kirk Brothers.

On February 26, 2019, Council awarded the contract for one Caterpillar Model 938M Loader with attachments to NMC Cat for \$247,285 with \$100,000 down payment and \$147,535 financed at 3.83% over two years.

On February 26, 2019, Council approved a contract for Hastings Community Solar Farm – Phase I (HU2018-11 FC-34) to Gen Pro Energy Solutions for a total cost of \$2,380,000.

On February 26, 2019, Council also awarded a contract for ASR Extraction Well – Pump and Wellhouse (Hu 2019-01 IC-01) to Downey Drilling in the amount of \$335,256.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	(C	Budget original and <u>Final</u>)		<u>Actual</u>	Ac (U	ariances - etual Over nder) Final <u>Budget</u>
Taxes:	Φ.	4.240.055	Φ.	4.04.7.040	Φ.	105.050
Property	\$	4,210,075	\$	4,315,348	\$	105,273
Motor vehicle		305,000		367,553		62,553
Occupation		60,000		61,564		1,564
Sales tax		3,800,000		4,220,724		420,724
Franchise		600,000		604,510		4,510
In lieu of tax		3,350,000		3,329,745		(20,255)
Intergovernmental		1,473,678		1,469,558		(4,120)
Charges for services		2,000,000		1,976,271		(23,729)
Grants		494,675		53,069		(441,606)
Interest income		50,000		106,921		56,921
Contributions		-		25,000		25,000
Sale of property		-		50,000		50,000
Insurance proceeds		-		249,365		249,365
Loan proceeds		-		179,162		179,162
Other		26,935		17,762		(9,173)
Total resources		16,370,363		17,026,552		656,189
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)						
General government:						
City Administrator's office		966,173		658,169		(308,004)
Civil service		104,767		95,532		(9,235)
City attorney		148,299		144,263		(4,036)
Mayor and Council		69,225		55,146		(14,079)
Other governmental		3,692,827		1,507,129		(2,185,698)
Development services		560,053		509,440		(50,613)
IT services		160,951		153,745		(7,206)
Total general government		5,702,295		3,123,424		(2,578,871)
Public safety:						
911 Center		772,162		675,204		(96,958)
Fire and rescue		3,319,233		2,738,355		(580,878)
Ambulance service		-		207,079		207,079
Police		4,349,397		4,136,790		(212,607)
Total public safety		8,440,792		7,757,428		(683,364)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND, Continued

	Budget		Variances - Actual Over
	(Original and		(Under) Final
	Final)	<u>Actual</u>	Budget
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS), continued			
Public works:			
Cemetery	325,220	279,715	(45,505)
EPA mandates	1,232,148	130,976	(1,101,172)
EPA 2nd Street subsite	-	17,596	17,596
Storm water management	=	31,215	31,215
Total public works	1,557,368	459,502	(1,097,866)
Environment and leisure:			
Auditorium	139,159	136,406	(2,753)
Parks	1,642,430	1,505,408	(137,022)
Water park	361,925	337,671	(24,254)
Recreation programming	175,057	115,733	(59,324)
Library	1,214,801	1,233,821	19,020
Airport	425,163	289,166	(135,997)
Total environment and leisure	3,958,535	3,618,205	(340,330)
Total charges to appropriations	19,658,990	14,958,559	(4,700,431)
Resources over (under) charges			
to appropriations	(3,288,627)	2,067,993	5,356,620
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	358,363	358,363	_
Transfers out	(1,212,000)	(1,258,000)	(46,000)
Net transfers	(853,637)	(899,637)	(46,000)
RESOURCES AND OTHER FINANCING			
SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER)			
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$ (4,142,264)	\$ 1,168,356	\$ 5,310,620

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - STREET FUND

	Budget riginal and <u>Final</u>)	<u>Actual</u>	Ac (Uı	ariances - etual Over nder) Final Budget
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)				
Property tax	\$ 18,000	\$ 17,337	\$	(663)
Wheel tax	340,000	359,812		19,812
Intergovernmental	2,822,404	2,969,118		146,714
Charges for services	197,500	245,307		47,807
Grants	519,123	471,447		(47,676)
Interest income	10,000	39,355		29,355
Other revenue	 -	 2,855		2,855
Total resources	3,907,027	4,105,231		198,204
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)				
Public works	3,045,991	2,709,605		(336,386)
Capital outlay	1,003,679	880,703		(122,976)
Principal payments	-	115,414		115,414
Interest expense	 -	 10,335		10,335
Total charges to appropriations	 4,049,670	 3,716,057		(333,613)
Resources over (under) charges to appropriations	(142,643)	389,174		531,817
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	 71,344	 -		(71,344)
RESOURCES OVER (UNDER) CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$ (71,299)	\$ 389,174	\$	460,473

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MUSEUM FUND

	(Or	Budget iginal and Final)	Actual	Ac (U	ariances - ctual Over nder) Final
		<u>1'11141</u>)	<u>Actual</u>		<u>Budget</u>
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Property tax	\$	896,304	\$ 873,796	\$	(22,508)
Motor vehicle tax		70,000	77,862		7,862
Occupation tax		200,000	196,615		(3,385)
Charges for services		400,000	392,598		(7,402)
Grants		19,300	23,596		4,296
Contributions		250,000	113,853		(136,147)
Other income		3,399	 3,350		(49)
Total resources		1,839,003	1,681,670		(157,333)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS					
(OUTFLOWS)					
Environment and leisure		1,559,772	1,451,711		(108,061)
Capital outlay		303,450	 151,584		(151,866)
Total charges to appropriations		1,863,222	 1,603,295		(259,927)
Resources over (under) charges to					
appropriations		(24,219)	78,375		102,594
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		700,000	700,000		
RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$	675,781	\$ 778,375	\$	102,594

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budget riginal and <u>Final</u>)	<u>Actual</u>	Ac (Ur	nriances - tual Over nder) Final Budget
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)				
Property tax	\$ 651,568	\$ 712,713	\$	61,145
Motor vehicle tax	55,000	63,719		8,719
Special assessments	205,764	192,734		(13,030)
Interest income	 2,000	 40,969		38,969
Total resources	914,332	1,010,135		95,803
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS				
(OUTFLOWS)				
Principal payments	1,525,000	1,525,000		-
Interest expense	40,765	40,765		-
Bond fees	10,000	1,150		(8,850)
Other expenses	 53,477	 		(53,477)
Total charges to appropriations	1,629,242	 1,566,915		(62,327)
Resources over charges to				
appropriations	(714,910)	(556,780)		158,130
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	700,000	700,000		-
Transfers out	(200,000)	(200,000)		-
Net transfers	500,000	500,000		-
RESOURCES OVER (UNDER)				
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$ (214,910)	\$ (56,780)	\$	158,130

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year ended September 30, 2018

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenue and Expenditures

	General <u>Fund</u>	Street <u>Fund</u>	Museum <u>Fund</u>	D	ebt Service <u>Fund</u>
Sources/inflows of resources:					
Actual amounts of resources (budgetary					
basis from the budgetary comparison					
schedules	\$17,026,552	\$ 4,105,231	\$ 1,681,670	\$	1,010,135
Differences - budget to GAAP:					
Cash to accrual adjustments	155,003	 (1,260)	12,617		(14,391)
Total revenues as reported on the statement					
of revenues, expenditures, and changes in					
fund balances - governmental funds	\$17,181,555	\$ 4,103,971	\$ 1,694,287	\$	995,744
Uses/outflows of resources:					
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total					
charges to appropriations" from the					
bugetary comparison schedules	\$ 14,958,559	\$ 3,716,057	\$ 1,603,295	\$	1,566,915
Differences - budget to GAAP:					
Cash to accrual adjustments	(61,428)	14,754	 14,538		(1,718)
Total expenditures as reported on the					
statement of revenues, expenditures and					
changes in fund balances - governmental					
funds	\$14,897,131	\$ 3,730,811	\$ 1,617,833	\$	1,565,197
Net transfers:					
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the					
budgetary comparison schedules	\$ (899,637)	\$ _	\$ 700,000	\$	500,000
Differences - budget to GAAP:					
Cash to accrual adjustments	-	_	-		-
Total net transfers as reported on the					
statement of revenues, expenditures,					
and changes in fund balances -					
governmental funds	\$ (899,637)	\$ 	\$ 700,000	\$	500,000

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS PUBLIC SAFETY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (POLICE OFFICERS AND FIREFIGHTERS)

Valuation <u>Date</u>	V	Fair /alue of <u>Assets</u>	Accrued <u>Liability</u>	Ā	nfunded Accrued Liability	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	1	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Unfunded Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Police: 6/1/2016	\$	845,137	\$ 1,200,742	\$	355,605	70.4%	\$	314,045	113.2%
<u>Fire:</u> 9/30/2017	\$	460,028	\$ 539,247	\$	79,219	85.3%		n/a	n/a



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2018

	Pe	ermanent	Special Revenue Funds							
	С	emetery	BID	Co	mmunity	1	Museum	SI	Landfill	
	<u>Perp</u>	etual Care	Fund	Dev	elopment	Sale	s Tax Fund	Ca	p Fund	
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,936	\$79,228	\$	12,383	\$	73,739	\$	24,599	
Certificates of deposit		55,062	-		-		-		-	
Receivables:										
Accounts receivable		-	-		-		-		-	
Due from other governments					-		36,863			
Total assets	\$	82,998	\$79,228	\$	12,383	\$	110,602	\$	24,599	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	ICES									
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued interest		-	_		_		-		-	
Total liabilities	-	-			-		-		-	
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Cemetery perpetual care		82,998	-		-		-		-	
Restricted for:										
Economic development		-	-		-		-		-	
Street improvements		_	-		-		-		-	
Downtown projects		-	79,228		-		-		-	
Capital projects		-	-		-		-		-	
Aquatic Center		-	-		-		-		-	
Museum projects		-	-		-		110,602		-	
Community betterment		-	-		-		-		-	
Other purposes		-	-		-		-		-	
Assigned for:										
Equipment replacement		-	-		-		-		-	
Other purposes		-	-		12,383		-		24,599	
Total fund balances		82,998	79,228		12,383		110,602		24,599	
Total liabilities and fund	-									
balances	\$	82,998	\$79,228	\$	12,383	\$	110,602	\$	24,599	

ibrary nt Fund	brary es Tax	okmobile lacement	Parks ant Fund	ncan Park ales Tax		uatics er Fund	e Equipment king Fund
\$ 3,743	\$ - -	\$ 12,050	\$ 68,077 -	\$ 46,861 -	\$ 1,0	4,620 00,000	\$ 101,660
-	-	-	-	- 92,159		-	-
\$ 3,743	\$ -	\$ 12,050	\$ 68,077	\$ 139,020	\$ 1,0	04,620	\$ 101,660
\$ 100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,100	\$ 116,094	\$	-	\$ 48,500
 100	-	<u>-</u>	 2,100	 116,094		-	48,500
-	-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	65,977	22,926	1.0	- 04,620	-
-	-	-	-	-	1,0	-	-
-	-	-	-	-		-	-
3,643	-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	-	-		-	53,160
 3,643	 <u>-</u>	 12,050 12,050	 65,977	 22,926	1,0	04,620	 53,160
\$ 3,743	\$ 	\$ 12,050	\$ 68,077	\$ 139,020	\$ 1,0	04,620	\$ 101,660

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Continued

September 30, 2018

				Spec	ial Re	venue Fu	ınds			
	(CANDO	Publ	ic Safety	Wi	reless	Lar	ndline	Str	eet Sales
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Gra</u>	nt Fund	E91	1 Fund	E91	l Fund	<u>Ta</u>	ax Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	97,286	\$	8,377	\$ 18	36,466	\$ 26	6,980	\$2	,221,775
Certificates of deposit		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:										
Accounts receivable		-		-		1 122		-		220 (1.4
Due from other governments						1,133				239,614
Total assets	\$	97,286	\$	8,377	\$ 18	37,599	\$ 26	6,980	\$2	,461,389
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	5,309	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,119
Accrued interest								_		
Total liabilities		5,309		-		-		-		44,119
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Cemetery perpetual care		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-
Street improvements		-		-		-		-	2	,417,270
Downtown projects		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Aquatic Center		-		-		-		-		-
Museum projects		-		-		-		-		-
Community betterment		-		-		-		-		-
Other purposes		-		8,377		-		-		-
Assigned for:										
Equipment replacement		-		-		-		-		-
Other purposes		91,977		-		37,599		6,980		
Total fund balances		91,977		8,377	18	37,599	26	6,980	2	,417,270
Total liabilities and fund	Φ.	07.00	Φ.	0.277	6.1 0	7.500	Φ 2 3		Φ.2	461 000
balances	\$	97,286	\$	8,377	\$ 18	37,599	\$ 26	6,980	\$2	,461,389

	Spec		Capital		al Nonmajor			
Natural aster Fund	iversion rogram	arks-Rec s Tax Fund	Keno Betterment		Revolving oan Fund	Projects <u>Fund</u>	Go	overnmental Funds
\$ 36,775	\$ 54,290	\$ 184,355	\$ 285,342	\$	65,489 -	\$1,619,188 -	\$	5,481,219 1,055,062
- -	- -	 - -	13,438		- -	- -		13,438 369,769
\$ 36,775	\$ 54,290	\$ 184,355	\$ 298,780	\$	65,489	\$1,619,188	\$	6,919,488
\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 436,189 17,042 453,231	\$	652,411 17,042 669,453
-	-	-	-		-	-		82,998
- - - -	- - - -	- - - 184,355 - -	- - - -		65,489 - - - - -	- - - 1,165,957 - -		65,489 2,417,270 79,228 1,439,215 1,004,620 110,602
-	-	-	298,780		-	-		298,780 12,020
36,775 36,775	 54,290 54,290	 184,355	298,780		65,489	1,165,957		53,160 686,653 6,250,035
\$ 36,775	\$ 54,290	\$ 184,355	\$ 298,780	\$	65,489	\$1,619,188	\$	6,919,488

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2018

	Per	manent		Special Revenue Funds							
	Се	emetery	BID	Community	Museum	S Landfill					
	<u>Perpe</u>	etual Care	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Development</u>	Sales Tax Fund	Cap Fund					
REVENUES											
Sales tax	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 110,474	\$ -					
Keno	,	_	-	-	-	-					
Loan collections		-	_	_	_	-					
Special assessments		-	66,116	_	-	_					
Intergovernmental		-	-	_	-	-					
Charges for services		-	_	_	-	-					
Grants		-	-	2,800	-	-					
Interest income		771	1,189	-	128	279					
Contributions		-	-	-	-	34					
Bond/loan proceeds											
Total revenues		771	67,305	2,800	110,602	313					
EXPENDITURES											
General government		-	61,844	2,800	-	-					
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-					
Public works		-	-	-	-	2,446					
Environment and leisure		-	-	-	-	-					
Economic development		-	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-	-					
Principal payments		-	-	-	-	-					
Interest expense		-	-	-	-	-					
Bond fees		-	_								
Total expenditures			61,844	2,800		2,446					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		771	5,461	-	110,602	(2,133)					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	ES)										
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	-					
Transfers out											
Net transfers											
Net change in fund balances		771	5,461	-	110,602	(2,133)					
Fund balances - September 30, 2017		82,227	73,767	12,383		26,732					
Fund balances - September 30, 2018	\$	82,998	\$79,228	\$ 12,383	\$ 110,602	\$ 24,599					

Library Library Grant Fund Sales Tax		•	Bookmobile Replacement			Parks		ncan Park	Aquatic Center Fund		Police Equipment	
Gra	ant Fund	Sales Tax	Repla	acement	Gra	ant Fund	<u> 5</u>	ales Tax	Center	<u>Funa</u>	Sink	king Fund
\$	-	\$ 150,710	\$	_	\$	_	\$	343,342	\$	_	\$	-
	-	_		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	33,831	260		-		-		2.054	1.1	-		1.260
	96	268		50		726		2,054	11	,207		1,368
	-	385,614		-		17,184		-		_		-
	33,927	536,592		50		17,910		345,396	11	,207		1,368
	-	-		-		_		-		_		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	42,264	18,077		-		10,873		-	3	,260		-
	-	-		-		-		-	10	-		- 01.704
	-	457,929		-		-		274,304	13	,730		81,734
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	_		-		-		-		_		-
	42,264	476,006		-		10,873		274,304	16	,990		81,734
	(8,337)	60,586		50		7,037		71,092	(5	,783)		(80,366)
	-	-		12,000		-		- (200 0.62)		-		46,000
				12,000				(290,063)				46,000
	- (0.000		-			-				<u>-</u>	-	
	(8,337)	60,586		12,050		7,037		(218,971)	(5	,783)		(34,366)
	11,980	(60,586)				58,940		241,897	1,010	,403		87,526
\$	3,643	\$ -	\$	12,050	\$	65,977	\$	22,926	\$1,004	,620	\$	53,160

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Continued

For the year ended September 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds								
	CANDO		Public Safety		Wireless		Landline		Street Sales
	<u>Fund</u>		Grant Fund		E911 Fund		E911 Fund		Tax Fund
REVENUES									
Sales tax	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$1,320,932
Keno	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ1,320,732
Loan collections		_		_		_		_	_
Special assessments		_		_		_		_	_
Intergovernmental		_		_		_	25	1,213	_
Charges for services		_		_		1,133		7,650	_
Grants		_		10,580		86,299	_	-	_
Interest income		629		-		_		_	23,161
Contributions		_		100		_		_	_
Bond/loan proceeds		_		-		_		_	-
Total revenues		629		10,680		87,432	27	8,863	1,344,093
EXPENDITURES									
General government	32	,157		-		-		-	-
Public safety		-		200		35,651	1	1,883	-
Public works		-		-		-		-	(46,762)
Environment and leisure		-		-		-		-	-
Economic development		-		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		-		7,000		-		-	1,002,176
Principal payments		-		-		-		-	-
Interest expense		-		-		-		-	-
Bond fees						-		-	
Total expenditures	32	,157		7,200		35,651	1	1,883	955,414
Excess (deficiency) of									
revenues over expenditures	(31	,528)		3,480		51,781	26	6,980	388,679
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	-
Transfers out						-			
Net transfers				-		-		-	
Net change in fund balances	(31	,528)		3,480		51,781	26	6,980	388,679
As restated	123	,505		4,897	1	35,818			2,028,591
Fund balances - September 30, 2018	\$ 91	,977	\$	8,377	\$ 1	87,599	\$ 26	6,980	\$2,417,270

Special Revenue Funds							Capital	Tot	Total Nonmajor				
N	Natural		Diversion		arks-Rec	Keno	ED Revolving		Projects	G	Governmental		
<u>Disa</u>	ster Fund	<u>P</u>	<u>rogram</u>	Sale	es Tax Fund	<u>Betterment</u>	L	oan Fund	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	184,028	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	2,109,486		
,	_	,	_	*	-	262,200	_	_	-	,	262,200		
	_		_		_	-		14,583	-		14,583		
	_		_		_	_		-	-		66,116		
	_		_		_	_		-	-		251,213		
	-		1,632		_	-		-	-		30,415		
	-		-		-	-		-	-		133,510		
	-		562		327	3,066		-	10,039		55,920		
	-		-		-	-		-	389,570		792,502		
	-		-		-	-		-	2,230,000		2,230,000		
	-	•	2,194		184,355	265,266	•	14,583	2,629,609		5,945,945		
	678		1,212		-	75,422		-	-		174,113		
	_		-		_	-		_	-		47,734		
	-		-		_	-		-	75		(44,241)		
	-		-		-	972		-	-		75,446		
	-		-		-	-		385,000	-		385,000		
	-		-		-	213,316		-	1,427,142		3,477,331		
	-		-		-	-		-	-		-		
	-		-		-	-		-	22,849		22,849		
	-		_		-			-	19,008		19,008		
	678		1,212		_	289,710		385,000	1,469,074		4,157,240		
	(678)		982		184,355	(24,444)		(370,417)	1,160,535		1,788,705		
	(076)		762		104,555	(24,444)		(370,417)	1,100,333		1,700,705		
											5 0,000		
	-		-		-	(13,300)		-	-		58,000 (303,363)		
	(250)		-		104.255	(13,300)		(250 115)	1.160.505		(245,363)		
	(678)		982		184,355	(37,744)		(370,417)	1,160,535		1,543,342		
	37,453		53,308			336,524		435,906	5,422		4,706,693		
\$	36,775	\$	54,290	\$	184,355	\$ 298,780	\$	65,489	\$1,165,957	\$	6,250,035		



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hastings, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the fiduciary funds of the City of Hastings, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Hastings's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or SHAREHOLDERS

Robert D. Almquist Phillip D. Maltzahn Terry T. Galloway Marcy J. Luth Heidi A. Ashby Christine R. Shenk Michael E. Hoback Joseph P. Stump Kyle R. Overturf Tracy A. Cannon

1203 W 2nd Street PO Box 1407 Grand Island, NE 68802 Ph. 308-381-1810 Fax 308-381-4824 Email: cpa@gicpas.com significant deficiencies, and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described below that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Segregation of Duties

Due to limited number of personnel, there is not adequate segregation of duties to ensure internal control over cash receipts, disbursements, and recording of transactions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Hastings's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed the following instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

• At September 30, 2018, bank balances at one financial institution exceeded FDIC coverage by a total of \$2,531,591.

City of Hastings' Response to Findings

The City of Hastings' response to the findings identified in our audit is that due to the small size of the City, it is impractical to further segregate duties. Also, the City will monitor FDIC and pledged security coverage for all bank deposits and request the financial institutions to assign additional collateral if necessary. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

August Mathyalia.

Collowal Lath, X.

Grand Island, Nebraska

March 7, 2019